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28 March 1946

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JOINT COMMUNICATIONS BOARD

AD HOC COMMITTEE ON SECURITY OF COMMUNICATIONS

EDUCATION IN COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY

Note by the Secretary

Attached herewith and circulated for the consideration of the <u>Ad Hoc</u> Committee on Security of Communications are the studies made by all three Services on Education in Communications Security.

C. L. GRISWOLD

Secretary, <u>ad hoc</u> Committee on Security of Communications

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ENCLOSURE

EDUCATION IN COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY

Report by the ad hoc Committee on Security of Communications

THE PROBLEM

1. To consider the state of training in communications security in the A my and Navy, and to make recommendations concerning a joint program of education in communications security matters.

FACTS BEARING ON THE PROBLEM

2. Appendices "A", "B" and "C" outline the various types of training in communications security given in the Army Ground Forces, Service Forces, Air Forces, and in the Navy. Included in the outline are the texts and pamphlets used as guides in the courses. The outline covers training given to specialists, both enlisted and officer, the general instruction in security matters given to all personnel, and the advanced or "post-graduate" training given in such installations as the Army War College.

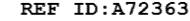
3. It is impossible to estimate accurately the amount of informal training (such as warnings, comments, lectures, instruction to individual groups, etc.) given to non-communications personnel in Naval units afloat, Army field installations, etc.

4. The recent war revealed instances of jeopardy to the security of communications created by the habits and actions of all categories of personnel. Such failings can be attributed largely to inadequate training in communications security and misconceptions as to its importance and purpose.

5. The least satisfactory aspects of communications from a security point of view were the following:

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<u>a</u>. Aircraft communications. Circuit discipline, procedure, monitor control, and use of plain language fell short of acceptable minimum standards.

<u>b</u>. Use of voice radio by surface craft. Plain language disclosures were frequent, numerous, and serious. Failure to realize the range of possible interception at frequencies of 30-100 mc. was one of the reasons, and failure to write or think out messages before transmission was another. Circuit discipline was unsatisfactory in many instances.

<u>c</u>. Message length, both on voice nets and radiotelegraph circuits. The resulting overloads affected the security of crypto systems and fatigued communication personnel to the point where efficiency and alertness were impaired. The only conceivable solution is briefer messages, better operation especially on voice circuits, and elimination of unnecessary procedure. Studies during the war showed that message length cculd be reduced up to 40% or 50%.

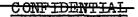
<u>d</u>. Overclassification and use of excessively high precedence. These were widespread violations. Overclassification tended to destroy respect for all classifications, and excessive use of precedence may have facilitated enemy traffic analysis somewhat, in addition to delaying messages of great urgency and destroying the values of precedence.

<u>e</u>. Transmission violations, especially off-frequency operation and incorrect authentication. Unauthorized conversation and incorrect procedure were also prominent among "violations to be eliminated in peacetime training."

<u>f</u>. Service messages. The percentage rose to 2C and above in certain areas. It was substantially reduced through the efforts of security units but remained unnecessarily high.

> Enclosure ad/Sec 1

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g. Errors in encryption. The number remained nigh. A majority were unnecessary and could have been avoided readily. The practice of assigning new and inexperienced officers to crypto duty appears to have been a major cause of such errors.

<u>h</u>. Physical security. The number of occasions of loss of cryptographic documents were unnecessarily high in both services, and was due largely to carelessness and lack of understanding of the importance of close safeguarding on the part of using and responsible personnel.

6. In many cases the least satisfactory aspects of communications security, as regards non-specialists, resulted from or were aggravated by a lack of appreciation of the importance of communications security by officers in command assignments.

CONCLUSIONS

7. In general, it is considered that the scope and quantity of communication security literature and training aids, and the number of hours devoted to training communication specialists in approved security practices are adequate. In the main, the weaknesses noted in the activities of communication specialists, as listed above, stem from laxity and carelessness which develop on the job after specialist training has been completed.

8. The training in security given to general personnel, both enlisted and officer is inadequate. There is currently no[•] vehicle for disseminating such information to enlisted or officer personnel in either service. In certain schools, namely the United States Military Academy, and the Army-Navy Staff College no formal instruction in security matters is given except to specialists.

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REF ID:A72363

RECOMMENDATIONS

9. In order to achieve high standards of security in joint communications, it is recommended that the Joint Communications Board:

<u>a</u>. Transmit to the Secretary of the Joint Security Committee a memorandum concerning a general security pamphlet designed for enlisted personnel, this memorandum to be substantially as set forth in Appendix "D".

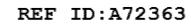
<u>b</u>. Transmit to the Secretary of the Joint Security Committee a memorandum concerning a general security pamphlet designed for officer personnel, this memorandum to be substantially as set forth in Appendix "E".

<u>c</u>. Transmit to the War and Navy Departments a recommendation, substantially as set forth in Appendix "F".

COORDINATION

10. No coordination is deemed necessary.

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APPENDIX "A"-

Report by AAF ACO

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APPENDIX "A"

DISCUSSION OF EDUCATION IN SECURITY OF COMMUNICATIONS

Prepared by AAF ACO for J.C.B. Purposes

In general, curricula of AAF schools pertaining to security of communications are based on such fundamental publications as AR 380-5, TM 11-469, etc., but consist largely of lectures developed individually at each of the several schools. In amplification of the fundamental requirements for security in communications, subject matter of these lectures has been obtained from many sources. In some cases, bocks of general circulation have been employed as sources of material. These include "Cryptography, the Science of Secret Writing" by Smith; "Elementary Cryptanalysis" by Gaines; "Secret and Urgent" by Pratt; and "The American Black Chamber" by Yardley. In other cases, additional material has been drawn from instructions in cryptography, such as TM 11-484 (Elementary Military Cryptography), TM 11-485 (Advanced Military Cryptography), etc. This has resulted in various curricula, each vitalized with understandable and informative examples, which are not readily adaptable to portrayal in chart form. For that purpose, a resume of instructions in security at representative AAF schools is presented, as well as a chart listing basic publications, their nature and their use.

2 Attachments:

1 - Resume

2 - Summary

Appendix "A" ad/Sec 1

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RESUME OF EDUCATION IN SECURITY OF COMMUNICATIONS

Prepared by AAF ACO for J.C.B. Purposes

AAF Communications Unit Training Center, Pinedale, California.

In the course for Cryptographic Technicians (SSN 805), 13 hours were devoted to security of communications. Various phases of security were presented in other courses as pertained to the system, device, etc., under study. In general, the enlisted men enrolled in this course were earmarked for overseas duties. The 13-hour course on "Safeguarding of Military Information" was based on AR 380-5 and TM 11-469. ((and for overseas))

4530 AAF Base Unit (Signal School), Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas.

This school was one of three operated during the past wars by the Air Technical Service Command for the training of personnel to be assigned to overseas air force service commands. In the course for Cryptographic Technicians (SSN 805), 21 hours were devoted to "Safeguarding Military Information". This course was based on AR 380-5, TM 11-469, FM 24-5, CIRP (Current Instructions Registered Publications), registered instructional documents pertaining to cryptographic systems and devices, Training Circulars, etc.

Brighas seems and price

AAF Technical School, Scott Field, Illinois.

In the course for Message Center Officers, Cryptographic (MOS 0224), 48 hours were devoted to cryptographic security and duties of the cryptographic security officer, and 72 hours to the background of cryptography and military cryptographic systems. The purpose of this course was to instruct officers earmarked for assignment to such organizations as the Army Airways Communications System, AAF, the numbered air forces and AAF commands. The course was based on AR 380-5, technical manuals, field manuals, training films, registered instructional documents pertaining to systems and devices, SOI and SOP received from overseas organizations, etc.

In the course for Cryptographic Technicians (SSN 805), 12 hours are devoted to security of communications, with the basic publications being AR 380-5, training manuals, training films. Security was stressed throughout the remainder of the course during instruction on cryptographic systems and devices.

Appendix "A"

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SUMMARY OF INSTRUCTION IN SECURITY OF COMMUNICATIONS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS. I.

Officers. Α.

Normally, Army personnel receive security instructions in specialized schools

Enlisted Personnel. Β.

SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTIONS. II.

A. Officers.

ITEM

NATURE

USE A ready reference on matters per-AAF Manual 100-46-2 (CIRP) Constitutes a basic intaining to communications security. structional publication (Lever and the transformer Plagin schools, as well as In general, it deals with the broad a procedural guide. principles of security; specifically, it is designed to preserve security of cryptographic systems and classified communications. A wartime publication of the AAF, pre- Textbook purposes and inclusion Radio & Cryptographic pared by the Office of the Air Commuin courses. Security Bulletin nications Officer to keep field units abreast of current requirements and changes in directives pertaining to communications security. Constitutes a basic in-AR 380-5 An Army regulation encompassing structional publication in detailed requirements for safeschools, as well as a proguarding of military information. cedural guide. A technical manual (Communication TM 11-469 Constitutes a basic in-Security) setting forth basic instructional publication in formation concerning security of

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ITEM	NATURE	USE
	communications and presenting established procedures for pre- serving that security.	schools, as well as a procedural guide.
FM 24-17	A field manual designed to furnish information regarding handling of messages and to indicate duties and responsibilities of personnel assigned to duties involving the handling of messages.	Textbook purposes and inclusion in courses.
FM 24-5	A field manual to furnish basic information governing communica- tions essential to officers and enlisted personnel of all arms engaged on communications acti- vities.	Textbook purposes and inclusion in courses.
TM 11-484	A technical manual for the in- formation and guidance of officer and enlisted personnel in the fundamentals of military crypto- graphy (elementary).	Textbook purposes and inclusion in courses.
TM 11-485	A technical manual for the in- formation and guidance of officers and enlisted personnel in the fundamentals of military crypto- graphy (advanced).	Textbook purposes and inclusion in courses.
TF 11-321	A training film pertaining to pre- cautions against revealing information to the enemy taken in bivouac area as unit moves forward; search for and confiscation of articles which might .	

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ITEM	NATURE	USE
	betray information to the enemy, and costly results of disobedience of security discipline.	
TF 11-324	A training film designed to impress the necessity for safeguarding of military information.	Visual training aid.
TF 11-2044	A training film stressing violations of transmission security in task- force operations.	Visual training aid.
TC 71	A training circular pertaining to the maintenance of security in the operation of radio facilities.	Textbook purposes and in- clusion in courses.
B. Enlisted Personnel.	Items listed above also used for purpe	oses as stated above.

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III. ADVANCED SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTIONS.

A. Officers.

ITEM

NATURE

AR 380-5

An Army regulation encompassing detailed requirements for safeguarding of military information. USE

Basis for lecture at Senior Staff Officers School at Orlando, Florida.

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APPENDIX "B"

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Report by ASA, ASF and AGF

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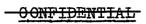
APPENDIX "B"

COMMUNICATION SECURITY TRAINING

(Army Security Agency, Army Service Forces and Army Ground Forces)

Off Enl Enl Pos	icer iste iste tgra	s'C dCo dCo duat	ourses, Spect urses, Genera urses, Specia e Courses, Sp	lalized al alized pecialized a	and General		I I V V
I.	Off	icer	s' Courses, (leneral			
	1.	0ff	icer Candi d at	te Courses,	ASF		
		а.	Corps of Eng	gineers			
			Signal Comm	unication (:	including Signal	security)	8 hour
			FM 24-5 FM 24-18		TC-74, 1944 TF 11-2044		
		b.	Corps of Mi	litary Poli	ce		
			Classified I	Military In:	formation		l hou.
			AR 380- AR 380-		FM 101-10		
		c.	Ordnance De	partment			
			Safeguarding	g Military :	Information		l houi
			AR 380-9	5		X	
		d.	Signal Corp	3			
			Safeguarding	g Military :	Information		4 hour
			AR 380-5	5			
			Cryptograph	Lc Security			2 hou
-			TM 11-46 TM 11-48 CCBP-7		AR 380-5 TB SIG 62		
			Cipher and (Converter		s (Brevity Codes	and	8 hou:
			TM 11-48 TM 11-48 TM 11-38	35	TB 11-380-2 TC 72, 1944		
			of Communi		e (including func ch Officer and Cr icer)		2 hou
			FM 24-17	7		l.	
* F(or r	esum	es of referen	nces, see Ap	opendix.	Arpendi	
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	SOI's (including authentication systems and other cryptographic items)	2 hours
•	FM 24-5 TC 74, 1944 TC 72, 1944	
	Radio Code and Procedure (including Trans- mission Security)	3 hours
	TM 11-454 TB SIG 2 TB SIG 2 TB SIG 5 TB SIG 5	
e.	Transportation Corps	
	Signal Communication (including correct message writing, cryptographic and security measures)	l hour
•	FM 24-5	
	Safeguarding Military Information	3 hours
	TF 11-205 AR 380-5 TF 11-325	
2. Offi	cer Candidate Courses, AGF	
<u> </u>	General - All AGF Courses include:	
	Safeguarding Military Information	2 hours
	Military Censorship	2 hours
b.	Armored Corps	
•	Operations and Prearranged Message Codes	l hour
	TC 5, 1945	
	Converter M-209	3 hours
	TF 11-1400 TM 11-380	
	Communication Security	l hour
	FM 24-5TM 11-469FM 24-18AR 380-5FM 101-10TF 11-2044	
	Authentication Systems	l hour
	TC 74, 1944	
	SOI's and SSI's	1 hour
	FM 24-5 TC 72, 1944	
	Safeguarding Military Information	2 hours
	WD Cir 407, 1944 TC 99, 1942 AR 380-5	

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c. Field Artillery Communication Principles (including Converter M-209, SOI's, operations codes, prearranged message codes) 13 hours TM 11-380 FM 24-5 3. Signal Officer, Basic (MOS 0251) Signal Center Procedure and Operation (included duties of cryptographic personnel, operation, and use of cryptographic systems and devices, preparation of SOI's and SSI's, and 44 hours communication security) AR 380-5 FM 24-17 Classified documents and equipment 4. Officer Courses, AGF General - All AGF Officer Courses include: **8**. -1 hour Military Censorship Ъ. Field Artillery Officer Message Handling (including Converter M-209, cryptographic security, operations codes) 10 hours FM 24-17 TM 11-280 TM 11-469 TC 5, 1945 Communications Countermeasures 2 hours Specially prepared material Anti-aircraft and Artillery Officer с. Cryptography 1 hour Converter M-209 1 hour Authentication Systems 1 hour SOI's and SSI's 1 hour Transmission Security 1 hour đ. Armored Officer Communication Security (including operation and prearranged message codes, authentication systems, Converter M-209) 8 hours AR 380-5 TC 5, 19 FM 24-5 TM 11-380 TC 5, 1945 TC 74, 1944 TB 11-380-2 Cavalry Officer (horse and Mechanized) Cavalry Officer (Horse) e. Military Cryptography (including use of Converter M-209) 4 hours TM 11-380 TC 74, 1944 TC 33, 1945 Appendix "B"

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- f. Signal Corps Course for U.S.M.A. Graduates
 - Signal Center Procedure and Operation (including duties of Cryptographic personnel, and communication security) 42 hours
 - CCBP-7
 TC 72, 1944

 AR 380-5
 TC 74, 1944

 FM 24-5
 TC 5, 1945

 TM 11-380
 TB SIG 19

 TM 11-469
 WD Cir 21

 TM 11-485
 WD Cir 21
 - Division Field Problem (including cryptographic duties)

32 hours

3 hours

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(references as above)

- Higher Echelon Field Problem (including use of WD Cryptographic Systems)
 - (references as above plus classified . documents and equipment)
- Morse Code and Procedure (including familiarization with authentication systems) 49 hours
 - TC 74, 1944 TC 33, 1945
- 5. United States Military Academy

(Post War Curricula, 1945, which lists the broad phases of academic and tactical training contains no references to specific security subjects.)

II. OFFICER COURSES, SPECIALIZED

- 1. Army Security Agency
 - a. Radio Traffic Analysis Officer (MOS 9605)

Basic Military Cryptography

TM 11-484 TM 11-485

Security (Safeguarding Military Information and Cryptographic Security)

TM 11-469	CCBP-7
AR 380-5	TBSIG 2
TC 74, 1944	SIGNAN-2
TC 5, 1945	SIGMAP-1
TC 33, 1945	
TF 11-205	
TF 11-324	
TF 11-2044	

b. Cryptanalytic Officer, General (MOS 9600)

Subjects and references same as Radio Traffic Analysis Officer, above, plus the following:

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	War Department Systems Analysis	and Systems	175 hours
	TM 11-380 TM 11-460	Classified docu-	
с.	Cryptographic Equipmen Repair Officer (MOS 9	t Maintenance and 9606-Cl)	
	Security		36 hours
	AR 380-5 TM 11-469	SIGNAN-2 Classified docu- ments and devices	
đ.	Cryptographic Equipmen Repair Officer (MOS	t Maintenance and 9606-02)	
	Security		30 hours
		TB 11-380-2 SIGNAN-2 Classified docu- ments and devices	
e.	Cryptographic Equipmen Repair Officer (MOS	t Maintenance and 9606-03)	
	Security		30 how's
	AR 3 80- 5 SIGNAN-2	TM 11-469 Specially prepared material	
f.	Program of instruction Security Instructors		
	Physical, cryptographic security, War Departu Systems and systems a analysis and radio de	ment Cryptographic Analysis, traffic	183 hours
	AR 380-5 TM 11-469 SIGNAN-2 TB SIG 2 TM 11-454 TF 11-2044 FM 24-10 TM 11-460	TM 11-460 TB 11-380-2 TF 11-1400 TC 74, 1944 TC 5, 1945 TC 33, 1945 TM 11-380 Classified documents and devices	
g .	Program of instruction Security Instructors		
	Physical, cryptographic security Converter M- traffic analysis and	-209, field codes,	

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AR 380-5 TM 11-460 TM 11-380 TB 11-380-2 FM 24-10 TC 74, 1944 TC 5, 1945	TC 33, 1945 FM 24-5 TF 11-1400 TB SIG 2 TM 11-454 TF 11-2044
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2. Army Service Forces, Signal Corps

		_	1	
8.	Signal Center Officer, (MOS 0224) and	Cryptographic		
	Signal Center Officer, (MOS 0222)	Fixed Station		
	Preparation of SOI's a	nd SSI's	8	hoù:
		FM 24-5 AR 380-5		
	Signal Center Procedur guarding military in munication security)	formation and com-	81	hours
	TM 11-469 TM 24-17	AR 380-5		
	Military Cryptography Systems)	(War Department	158	hours
	TM 11-469 TM 11-484 TM 11-485 TM 11-380	TB 11-380-2 AR 380-5 Classified docu- ments and devices		
	Signal Center Operatio	n (use of systems)	136	hours
	• FM 24-17	AR 380-5 Classified docu- ments and devices		
	Combined Field Problem Center Operation, ab field)		66	hours
b.	WAC Message Center Off	icer		
	Military Cryptographic	Systems	86	hours
	TM 11-380 AR 380-5 TF 11-205	Classified docu- ments and devices		
	Preparation of SOI Ite	ms	7	hours
	FM 24-5	TC 72, 1944		
	Operation of Tactical	Message Center		
	AR 380-5	Classified docu- ments and devices		

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Telephone and Telegraph Officer, Inside c. Plant (MOS 0410) Signal Center Procedure (including message drafting and traffic processing) 13 hours AR 380-5 d. Radio Officer, Field (MOS 0501) Signal Center Procedure (including message drafting and traffic processing) 16 hours AR 380-5 FM 24-17 TM 11-469 COBP-7 Preparation of SOI 14 braz. TB SIG 51 TM 11-462 TC 72, 1944 Supply Officer, Depot (MCS 4410) Supply Officer, Administrative (MOS 4411) е. Safeguarding Military Information 2 hours AR 380-5 TF 30-950 ١ MISC 929 3. Other ASF courses All officers of the Transportation Corps а. receive: Security Measures AR 380-5 TF 11-205 亚 11-325 Military Policy Investigators Course Ъ. Censorship and Safeguarding Military l hour Information AR 380-5 FM 30-28 4. Army Ground Forces Communication Officer, Infantry (MOS 0200) а. Communication Procedures and Security (including Converter M-209, cryptographic, physical, and transmission security) 69 hour TB 11-380-2 TB SIG 2 FM 24-17 TM 11-469 TM 11-380 Communication Officer, Armored Corps (MOS 0220) ъ. Message Center Procedure (including handling of classified messages) 9h'FM 24-17 FM 24-5

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			Authentication				4	hours
			TC 74, 194 ¹ FM 24-5			11-454 24-6		
			Codes and Ciphe	ers			10	hours
			TB 11-380-: TM 11-380	2	TC 5	5, 1945		
			Communication S	Security			2	hours
			FM 24-5 TM 11-469		TB S AR 3	3IG 5 380-5		
III.	ENL	ISTEI	COURSES, GENE	RAL				
	1.		basic training rvices include		ourse	es for all		
			guarding Milita litary Intellia		mati	lon and	2	hours
			TF 11-324		AR 3	380-5		
		te	c Signal Communication of communication of communication (3	hours
		•	FM 24-5					
	2.		basic training ms include:	- The co	urse	es of all		
,			guarding Militansorship	ary Infor	mati	lon and	1	hour
			AR 380-5		TF 1	11-205		
	3.	AGF	Noncommissioned	l Officer	tra	aining		
		8.	Field Artiller	y				
			Safeguarding M	llitary I	nfor	rmation	1	hour
			SOI's				1	hour
		Ъ.	Cavalry					
			Military Crypto principles, p and operation systems)	prearrang	ed n	nessage code	8	hours
			TC.74, 194 ¹ FM 24-5	ŀ	TC 3	33, 1945		
		с.	Armored Corps					
			Communication S verter M-209, and security	Authent	icat			hours
			TC 5, 1945 TC 74, 1944 TB 11-380-2	Ļ	TM 1	.1-380 .1-469 380-5		
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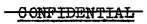
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	SOI's and SSI's	2 hours
	TC 72, 1944 FM 24-5	
TV. ENT.TSOR	D COURSES, SPECIALIZED	
	y Security Agency	70 hour c
а,	Traffic Analyst (Radio) (SSN 709)	72 hours
	(Same subjects and references as Ra Traffic Analysis Officer, par. la, Sect II, above.)	8010
Ъ.	Intercept Operator, Fixed Station (SSN 799)	
	Safeguarding Military Information	3 hours
	AR 380-5 TF 11-324 AR 380-10 TM 11-469 TC 99, 1942	
	Communication Security	10 hours
	AR 380-5TB SIG 2TM 11-469TC 74, 1944TC 33, 1945TC 5, 1945CCBP-7TF 11-1400TF 11-205	
-	NOTE: Intercept operators and Con Chiefs, SSN's 538, 543, 738 and receive this instruction also.	
с.	Intercept Operator, Fixed Station (Short Course)	(SSN 799)
	Safeguarding Military Information	3 hours
	(Same references as in b, above)	
d.	Cryptographic Repairman (SSN 801-C)	1) 36 hours
•	(Same subjects and references as in in par. 1c, Sect II, above)	n .
e.	Cryptographic Repairman (SSN 801-C	2) 30 hours
	(Same subjects and references as in par. 1d, Sect II, above)	n .
f.	Cryptographic Repairman (SSN 801-C)	3) 30 hours
	(Same subjects and references as in par. le, Sect II, above)	n
g •	Cryptographer (Code Compiler) (SSN	807)
	Basic cryptography, War Department Systems analysis, SOI items of c: graphic nature, physical, cryptog and transmission security, commun security organization, code and c compilation, production, distribut and accounting)	rypto- graphic nication cipher
		Appendix "B"
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	TM 11-380 TM 11-484 TM 11-485 TM 11-454	TB SIG-2 TB 11-380-2 TF 11-1400 TF 11-324 TF 11-205 SIGNAN-2 SIGINFO TF 11-2044 CCBP-7 WD Cir 91, 1944 WD Cir 163, 1944 Classified documents and devices	
h.	Cryptanalysis Technici	an (SSN 808)	175 hours
	(Same subjects and ref par. 1b, Sect II, abov		
Arm	y Service Forces, Signa	l Corps	
a.	General - All enlisted at Eastern Signal Co mouth, N.J., receive	rps School, Fort Mon-	
	Safeguarding Military Military Censorship	Information and	2 hours
	AR 380-5 TF 30-1315	TF 11-324	
	All enlisted specialis Central Signal Corps Crowder, Mo., have r	School, Camp	
	Safeguarding Military	Information	l hour
	AR 380-5	TC 99, 1942	
ъ.	Teletype Operator (SSN	237)	,
	Signal Center Operatio	ns, Signal Security	3 hours
-	CCBP-7 AR 380-5	TF 11-2044 WD Cir 342, 1944	
	Elementary Military Cr	yptography	30 hours
	FM 24-5 CCBP-7 AR 380-5 AR 380-10	TM 11-380 TM 11-484 TM 11-485 TF 11-205	
с.	Message Center Clerk (SSN 667)	
	Elementary Military Cr (including normal op authorized low level ciphers, and Safegua: Information)	erations of codes and	68 hours
	CCBP-7 TM 11-380 TM 11-484 TM 11-485 AR 380-10	TF 11-1400 TB 11-380-2 TF 11-205 AR 380-5	

Appendix "B"

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d. Facsimile Operator (SSN 893) Signal Center Operations (including signal 6 hours security) AR 380-5 TF 11-2044 WD Cir 342, 1944 Cryptographic Technician (SSN 805) е. Signal Center Procedure (including handling of classified messages) 36 hours FM 24-5 FM 24-17 FM 24-10 Elementary Military Cryptography (including authentication and Con-verter M-209) 45 hours TF 11-205 TF 11-1400 WD TC 74, 1944 TM 11-485 CCBP-7 TB 11-380-2 FM 24-5 TM 11-380 TM 11-484 AR 380-5 Advanced Military Cryptography (WD Cryptographic systems) 196 hours Classified documents and devices f. Radio Operator, High Speed, Manual (SSN 766) Radio Procedure (including authentication and communication security) 34 hours TF 11-2044 CCBP-7 FM 24-5 TM 11-454 WD TC 74, 1944 TM 11-469 TB SIG 5 NOTE: Radio Operators SSN's 740, 777, and 792, Radio Repairman, Single Channel Teletype, receive the same instruction. g. Radio Repairman, RCM (SSN 1648) and Radio Operator, RCM (SSN 1766) 4 hours Safeguarding Military Information TF 11-324 AR 380-5 TF 11-205 TF 11-325 3. Other ASF courses a. Military Policeman (SSN 677) Transmission Security (in connection with voice radio instruction) 2 hours TF 11-2044 Physical Therapy Technician (WAC) (SSN 072) Ъ. Safeguarding Military Information 1 hour AR 380-5 Appendix "B" ad/Sec 1

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4. Arm	y Ground Forces		•
a.	Communication Chief, Infantry (SSN 542)	69	hours
	(Same subjects and references as in par 4a, Sect II, above)		
b.	Radio Operator, Infantry (SSN 776 and 740)	69	hours
	(Same subjects and references as in par 4a, Sect II, above)		
c.	Radio Repairman, Infantry (SSN 648)		
	Transmission Security	1	hour
đ.	Basic Communications Course, Parachute School		
	SOI's	2	hours
	Converter M-209	8	hours
	Security and authentication	1	hour
е.	Radio Operators' Course, Parachute School		
	Converter M-209	4	hours
	Security	1	hour
	SOI's	1	hour
	Authentication	2	hours
f.	Message Center Course, Parachute School		
	Cryptography	32	hours
•	SOI's	1	hour
	Security	l	hour
	Converter M-209 Exercise	12	hours
g.	Communication Chief, Armored Corps (SSN 542)		
	SOI's and SSI's	3	hours
	TC 72, 1944 · FM 24-5		
	Message Center Procedure (including handling of classified messages)		hours
	Authentication Systems	4	hour "
	TC 74, 1944 FM 24-5 FM 24-6 TM 11-454		
	Codes and Ciphers (including Converter M-209 operations and prearranged message codes)		hou2's
	TM 11-380 TC 5, 1945 TB 11-380-2		
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			Communication Security	2	hours
			FM 24-5 TB SIG 5 TM 11-469 AR 380-5		
		h.	Radio Repairman, Armored Corps (SSN 648)		
			Communication Security and Procedure	14	hours
			FM 24-5 TF 11-2044 TM 11-469 AR 380-5 TB SIG 5		
v.	POS	TGRAI	DUATE TRAINING, BOTH GENERAL AND SPECIALIZED		
	1.	Command and General Staff School			
		а.	Air Course		
			Safeguarding Military Information	12	hour
			Signal Security	1	hour
			Internal Security and Censorship	1	hour
			SOI's and Signal Annexes	1	hour
		Ъ.	Ground Course		
			Safeguarding Military Information	1 1	hour
		•	Signal Security	1	hour
			Internal Security and Censorship	1	hour
		с.	Service Course		
			Safeguarding Military Information	之	hour
			Signal Security	1	hour
			Message Security	1	hour
			Censorship	1	hour
		d.	Army-Navy Staff College Course		
			No specific communication security subjects		
	2.	Sigr	nal Corps Advanced Officers' Course		
		M	hal Agencies and Orders (including Safeguardin Llitary Information, preparation of SOI's and SI's	_	hcure
			FM 24-5TC 72, 1944AR 380-5TC 74, 1944TM 11-380.		
			to Communication (including Transmission ecurity)	38	hours
			TB SIG 2 TF 11-2044		
			Append	lix	"B"
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Signal Center Procedure (including communication security and use of cryptographic systems)

42 hours

AR 380-5	FM 24-17
CCBP-7	Classified docu-
	ments and devices

VI. <u>REMARKS</u> - 1. It is required under the provisions of War Department Training Circular 99, 1942, that all military personnel be given short lectures (15 to 20 minutes duration) periodically during training on the subject of Safeguarding Military Information. For personnel being prepared for overseas duty, further requirements in this matter are outlined in the War Department publications, POM and POR.

l Incl Appendix - List of References

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APPENDIX

LIST OF REFERENCES

	Section
Army Regulations	• I
Field Manuals	. II
Technical Manuals	. III
Technical Bulletins	
Training Circulars	. V
WD Circulars	. VI
Training Films	. VII
Miscellaneous	. VIII

I. ARMY REGULATIONS:

1. <u>AR 380-5</u> -- "Safeguarding Military Information" - the basic regulation on security of military information within the Army.

2. <u>AR 380-10</u> -- Laws, Executive Orders, etc., Pertaining to Safeguarding Military Information.

II. FIELD MANUALS:

1. <u>FM 24-5</u> -- "Basic Signal Communication" - a manual on the fundamentals of signal communication and communication security for all arms and services.

2. <u>FM 24-6</u> -- "Radio Operator's Manual, Army Ground Forces" - a guide for the training of field radio operators in radiotelegraph procedure. This manual contains a section on station authentication.

3. <u>FM 24-10</u> -- "Combined Radiotelegraph (W/T) Procedure" - approved transmission procedures for radiotelegraph.

4. <u>FM 24-17</u> -- "Signal Center and Message Center Procedure" essentials of signal and message center installation and operation. A large portion of this manual is devoted to cryptographic security.

5. <u>FM 24-18</u> -- "Radio Communication" - basic information about radio communication essential to all personnel using radio as a means of communication. Each of the components of communication security is treated briefly in this publication.

6. FM 30-28 -- "Military Intelligence" - Regulations governing communications and censorship are covered by this manual.

7. <u>FM 101-10</u> -- "Organization, Technical and Logistical Data" - a staff officers' manual containing a brief section under Signal Communication devoted to the essentials of communication security.

III. TECHNICAL MANUALS

1. <u>TM 11-380</u> -- "Converter M-209, M-209-A, M-209-B (Ciphers)"general operating and maintenance instructions for the Converter M-209. This manual also contains instructions for the preparation of pin and lug settings.

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2. <u>TM 11-454</u> -- "The Radio Operator" - for use in training radio operators. This manual contains a section on physical, transmission and cryptographic security.

3. <u>TM 11-460</u> -- "Division Field Code, Training Edition No. 2" - a training edition of a typical two-part field code.

4. <u>TM 11-462</u> -- "Signal Corps Reference Data" -- a collection of data of general interest including information on the speeds of various cryptographic systems.

5. <u>TM 11-469</u> -- "Communication Security" - a basic information concerning the security of military communications and established procedures for preserving that security. The individual components of communication security are treated in some detail.

6. <u>TM 11-484</u> -- "Elementary Military Cryptography" -basic principles and cryptographic systems. This manual contains a comparison between code and cipher systems, procedures for the correction of errors and a list of fundamental rules for safeguarding cryptograms.

7. <u>TM 11-485</u> -- "Advanced Military Cryptography" advanced military cryptographic systems (double transposition, polygraphic substitution, combined transposition-substitution, code systems in general, enciphered code and cipher machines).

IV. TECHNICAL BULLETINS

1. <u>TB SIG 2</u> -- "Think Next Time" - a collection of anecdotes illustrating the consequences of breaches of communication security.

2. <u>TB SIG 5</u> -- "Defense Against Jamming" - jamming defense for the Commander and his staff, the signal officer and the radio operator, and countermeasures.

3. <u>TB SIG 19</u> -- "Application of Teletypewriter and Automatic Ciphering Equipment to Fixed Radio and Wire Circuits" general characteristics, principles and application of radioteletype systems adopted for fixed communications in the Army, and the coordination of these systems with wire teletypewriter facilities.

4. <u>TB SIG 51</u> -- "Tactical Call Words" - call words recommended for use in tactical communications.

5. <u>TB 11-380-2</u> -- "Message Keying Instructions for Converter M-209, M-209-A, M-209-B" - general enciphering and deciphering procedures established for the Converter M-209.

V. TRAINING CIRCULARS:

1. <u>TC 99, 1942</u> - "Safeguarding Military Information" - a directive on security education containing lecture material on safeguarding military information and a list of topics to be avoided in conversation.

2. TO 72, 1944 - "Signal Operation Instructions" - ϵ guide for division signal officers and their assistants in the preparation of SOI's and SSI's.

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3. <u>TC 74, 1944</u> - "Authentication Systems" - emphasizes the importance of authentication as a security measure, explains the rules and regulations governing all authentication systems, and authorizes three specific systems for intra-Army and joint Army-Navy use and three emergency systems for intra-Army use only. The three systems which are authorized for joint Army-Navy use are also described in the Navy publication CSP 900 (A). (Amended by TC 33, 1945, below)

4. <u>TC 5, 1945</u> - "Operations Codes and Prearranged Message Codes, Compilation and Use" - establishes uniform procedures for the compilation and use of operations codes and prearranged message codes within division or comparable organization, for separate units, and for AAF units down to and including wing.

5. TC 33, 1945 (Section II) - "Authentication Systems" - amendments to TC 74, 1944.

VI. WAR DEPARTMENT CIRCULARS:

1. <u>WD Cir 91, 1944</u> - "Security Classifications" - agreement between Combined Chiefs of Staffs on the definition, classification, and handling of matters to be safeguarded.

2. WD Cir 163, 1944 (Section II) - "Army Courier Service" - instructions for the transmission of matter via Army Courier Service.

3. WD Cir 342, 1944 (Section III) - "Military Information" procedure for furnishing classified military information to other government departments, Federal or State, or to corporations or individuals.

4. WD Cir 407, 1944 (Sections II and III) - "Message" directions for the classification of communiques, etc., to be released to the public. Transmission of personal recorded messages is forbidden by this circular.

5. WD Cir 21, 1945 (Section I) - "Message Handling" - definitions of terms used in message handling.

VII. TRAINING FILMS:

1. TF 11-205 - "Safeguarding Military Information, Cryptographic" - correct procedures for handling cryptographic materials disposing of classified waste, and maintaining the security of the code room.

2. <u>TF 11-324</u> - "Safeguarding Military Information" - a treatment of the necessity of safeguarding military information in general.

3. <u>TF 11-325</u> - "Safeguarding and Proper Handling of Classified Material" - this film deals with the handling of classified matter in general.

4. TF 11-1400 - "Converter M-209" - operation procedure.

5. <u>TF 11-2044</u> - "Radio Transmission Security" - graphic illustrations of the necessity for observing transmission security regulations.

6. TF 11-2068 - "Defense Against Radio Jamming" - recommended procedure.

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7. <u>TF 30-950</u> - "Next of Kin" - a film depicting the often fatal results of breaches of general security discipline.

8. TF 30-1315 - "Postal Censorship" - a general treatment of the necessity for censorship and censorship procedure.

9. <u>MISC 929</u> -- "Private Snafu in 'Spies'" - an animated cartoon treating general security practices.

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

1. <u>CCBP-7</u> - "Combined Communication Instructions" - a treatment of combined communication matters not fully dealt with in other combined communication publications. This manual covers message drafting and communication security in some detail.

2. <u>SIGNAN-2</u> - "Cryptographic Communications, 1943" - a registered cryptographic publication covering principles underlying authorized cryptographic systems, cryptonets and cryptographic systems, cryptographic communication and rules for cryptographic security.

3. <u>SIGMAP-2</u> - "Reports of Compromise of Cryptographic Material and Violations of Cryptographic Security"- a registered publication outlining procedures for reporting known or suspected compromises, violations of cryptographic security, evaluating violations of cryptographic security and the effect of a compromise on systems, and submitting cryptographed messages to the Army Security Agency for study.

4. <u>SIGINFO</u> - "Monthly Informational Document" - a medium for the dissemination of current miscellaneous information on cryptographic systems, procedures and material.

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APPENDIX "C"

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Report by Navy, Op-20-K-23

APPENDIX "C"

SUMMARY OF NAVY TRAINING IN COMMUNICATION SECURITY

Prepared for J.C.B. Purposes By Op-20-K-23

PART I - GENERAL, BASIC TRAINING

A. GENERAL BASIC TRAINING FOR OFFICERS, REGULAR AND RESERVE

Nature of Material Item Use 1. Seamanship Manual (1944) Chapter 25, 18 pages-covers all phases for officers. Is textbook for NHOTC units. NavPers 16118 Classification, physical security, trans-Is textbook of Naval Academy. mission security. cryptography security. Study of 1944-45 catalog shows that a maximum of 4 preparation of dispatches, and processing of dispatches are treated to extent needed or 5 - 90-minute periods by all officers for action and peneral inout of a total of 2.000 are formation. available for formal study of communication security. This represents .20% to .25% of total class time. 2. Naval Communications (1945) Chapter IV -- 17 pages -- is devoted formally It is used for reference and supplementary purposes by NavPers 16042 to communication security. It includes 7 pages on handling of registered publications NROTC units and the Naval and 5 for Article 76 of Navy Regulations. Academy. The remaining 5 pages treat COMINST 4000 and 4010, physical security, cryptographic security, the Navy cryptographic plan, and transmission security in about equal proportions, with a paragraph or two about personal security. A number of other topics are treated incidentally.

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	Item	Nature of Material	Use
3.	Naval Orientation (1944) NavPers 16138	 Chapter 14 "Security of Naval Information" 8 pages covers personal security and Article 76 material. Chapter 18 "Security of Naval Communications" 13 pages contains espionage material from DNC 10; DNC 10 anecdotes on personal security and telephone admonitions; reports of compromise and anecdotes on physical security; 4 pages on transmission security, and 3 pages of DNC 10 material on cryptographic security. 	Used for reference and sup- plementary purposes by NROTC units and the Naval Academy.
4.	Officer's Correspondence Course on Naval Communi- cations	Assignment No. 4 consists of true-false, com- pletion, and other new-type questions covering Chapter 4 of COMINST. Assignment No. 3 is based on Chapters 2 and 3 of COMINST, and thus covers the security material in Chapter 2.	Is a familiarity course for all officers but is not required. Was widely used before the war in training reserves. In January of this year over 500 were enrolled.

B. GENERAL, BASIC TRAINING FOR OFFICERS A., D ENLISTED PERSONNEL

1. Notes on Communication Security (1943) DNC 10
Contains popular, general treatment of all phases W as understood and emphasized in early 1943. Vcry readable. Covers processing, radio security, and even deception very briefly. Emphasis is on physical and cryptographic security, with extensive account of methods and successes of cryptanalysis in the first World War. 67 pages.

> (Revision (1945)) now in preparation is more inclusive and more comprehensive, and somewhat more advanced. Embodies much of wartime experience not covered by 1943 edition.)

Widely read and very popular. 100,000 copies were distributed to ships and shore stations. Used in communication, midshipmen, and indoctrination schools for reference and supplementary purposes. Probably reached more enlisted men than any other publication containing security material.

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	Item	Nature of Material	Use
2.	Security Bulletin OPNav 20-6	By January 1946, six issues of 24 pages and one of 14 pages had been published. The articles deal with all phases of security in an arresting and readable manner, using current material and wartime experience to make treatment timely and operational. Sup- plement for originators in three issues covered phases pertaining primarily to ori- &inators and drafters of messages	<pre>Circulation plateau was 20,000 copics. It went to all ships except LCI(L)'s and a few other small types, to most of the larger shore stations, and to many MarCorps and Coast Guard activities. BuPers distributed 1,000 to selected schools under its cognizance on the basis of one for each instructor.</pre> Wide distribution among enlisted personnel in communications was encouraged throughout the Navy, and the classification was kept low in order to per- mit such use.
3.	Film MA552 (TF ll-205) Cryptographic Security	Mostly a lecture. May have been withdrawn. Applicable to all who handle messages.	381 prints distributed by Navy.
3A.	Film MA 553 (TF ll-325) Safeguarding and Proper Handling of Classified Material	Also built around a lecture. General coverage. Applicable to all who handle classified matter.	693 prints distributed. Now obsolete.
с.	FOR ENLISTED PERSONNEL		
1.	Handbook for Non-rated Men	Communication security requirements for Q and other specialist ratings are listed, but nothing about security not even personal censorship.	
2.		s and perhaps a movie or two such as "Next of Kin" no general, basic training was provided for all	

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PART II -- SPECIALIZED TRAINING

A. SPECIALIZED TRAINING FOR OFFICERS

Item

Nature of Maturial

- 1. The Communication Officer This 76-page pamphlet contains 4 paragraphs (Revised 1945-6 NavPers 16101) on security as such but contains a paragraph or more on each of the following security-related topics: registered publications, recognition signals, codes and ciphers, coding board, paraphrasing, drafting messages, clearing garbles, censorship, radio security, codress, and wave propagation (misleading as to security of VHF).
- Is used as the communication officer's text in

Use

cation officer's text in NROTC units, according to BUPers, and is on initial commissioning allowance list for units afloat.

- 2. Curriculum for Officers Class, Of total of 535 hours of lectures and practical Submarine School, New London, Conn., NavPers 16391 (replacement) October 1945.
 Lecture No. 1 under communications is devoted primarily to security. Lecture No. 15 covers registered mail and classified files, and Lecture No. 16 is about cryptographic security. Enemy deception is one of the topics in No. 17. About 10 hours of the practical work seems to pertain to security, making a total of 13¹/₂ hours presumably devoted to security.
- As indicated. Texts are DNC 5, NavPers 16101 Revised, and instruction booklet for crypto systems.

- 3. Practical Joint Communications The topic of publications (3 2-hr. periods), As indicated. Lists Pac (Harvard) radio in convoy (2 2-hr. periods). codes and 70(B), DNC 5, DNC 10, NavPers 16398 May 1945 RPS 4(B), Security ciphers (16 2-hr. periods), and transmitters (6 hrs.) inevitably involve security, but Bulletin and instruction there is no indication of the extent to which booklets for crypto syssecurity may be covered in the study of Joint. tems among the texts. amphibious, advanced base, and other phases of communications.
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	Item	Nature of Material	Use
4.	Dispatch Drafting Manual (1945) NAVMC 1024-DPP	Section 2, "Dispatch Drafting," - 20 pages, covers drafting much as Chapter 2 of COMINST does, with attention to security applications and two pages of play-by-play instructions for paraphrasing, modeled after the material in DNC 10. Appendix I, 20 pages, contains much of Article 76, N.R., and circular letter re top secret control and code words. Appendix II, 4 pages, contains more about code names and related matters.	Compiled by the Marine Corps Schools for general use by message drafters.
4A.	Dispatch Drafting and Use of the Field Message Book (Revised Nov. 1944) NAVMC 3589	Substantially the same as NAVMC 1024-DPP, described above.	Published for instructional purposes chiefly in the Marine Corps School at Quantico (command and staff course).
5.	20-K Lectures and slides	The "Bureau Lecture" for originators and drafters of mess 3cs covered the measures applicable and the reasons for the existence of these measures.	It was given dozens of times in the Bureaus of the Navy Department, at Quantico, and at various points in continental United States before 40 to 100 or more officers at a time.
64	20-K Security School	The course was an advanced course adapted to the needs of the officers attending, but usually ran one or two weeks and covered all phases of security rather intensively.	More than 1,000 officers took this course, espe- cially instructors from communication schools.

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7. Exercises. Issued by

March 1945

Commander San Diego

Shakedown Group FOTC

Pacific. Revised 15

8. Catalog -- U. S. Naval

School -- 1945-46

Academy Postgraduate

Nature of Material

- Most of the 400 exercises contain a section on communications and this section contains security overtures even though security is not mentioned. There are 13 communication exercises. which include drills in radie direction finders, TBS, radio, visual methods, and recognition.
- Out of the 18 courses in communications which are listed, one (N-13) is devoted specifically to communication security and most of the others apparently involve one or more of the four phases of security to some extent.

Use

Distribution limited mostly to fleet training activities of various kinds and CO's or prospective CO's of all vessels operating or scheduled to operate under FOTC Pacific.

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- N-13 and four others (N-7. N-10. N-17-18) are prescribed for the general line curriculum. N-13 is one of three listed for electronics engineering. and it is one of l2required in the applied communications curriculum. N-16 (correspondence) with 10 hours of practical work. is included in the aerological engineering curriculum.
- As indicated. The December class was the second such. None currently in session.

9. War College. Newport Course outlines 1945-46 Staff Class. References to be read: Art. 76 N.R., Chapters 2and 4 of COMINST, DNC 10. RPS 4 and 6, and the following chapters of Pac 70(B): Chapter 4. Authentication; 9. Radio Silence and Radio Security; 13 Radio Interference: 26, RCM: and 36, Reg. Pubs and Coding Boards. The reading was supplemented by talks (partly from experience) by student officers on various phases of operational communications, demonstrations of crypto aids at NOB communication office, a lecture by officer from CNO, and exercises in message drafting, and study of communication occurs.

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Item	Nature of Material	Use
	Command and Staff Class. This also runs about five months or 100 days, of which one week early in the course is allocated to commu- nications for familiarity and refresher study, and one day of that week is given to security and includes reading CNO lecture, review of registered publication system, and survey of crypto aid system. Security enters informally into seminar work and study of communication plans. Beginning in July, the course will run ll months and will cover communications thus:	As indicated.
	 Instruction and study (includes CNO lecture and total of day or two formally to security 8 working days II Research and analysis Studies of specific World War II operations 4½ working days III Practical application Communication planning exercises and preparation of communication plans 	
	preparation of communication plans 24 hours	
10. Army-Navy Staff College	The courses are in tentative form, but Capt. William B. Bailey (Navy) has assured 20-F-3 that there is ample coverage of communi- cations and security throughout. Both topics are woven into the courses, however, instead of being treated apart from other phases of operations as separate units of study.	As indicated.

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B. SPECIALIZED TRAINING FOR OFFICERS AND ENLISTED PERSONNEL

		Nature of Material	Use
1.	Communications Handbook (1944) OpNav 33-N4-17	"Security of Publications", $2\frac{1}{4}$ pages, treats losses, porting of compromise, use of publications in aircraft and destruction in case of ε forced landing. Incidental secu- rity topic is the use of hand signals to avoid breaking radio silence pages 7-8. Handbook is 176 pages, 4" - 5-3/4", with considerable color work and plastic binder.	For aviation officers and enlisted personnel.
2.	Radio Discipline Sense (1945) NavAer OO-80Q-24	This pamphlet covers radio security only as it pertains to aircraft, especially voice radio. Topics include tuning, phraseology, procedure, plain language disclosure, fre- quency shifts, and radio silence. 24 pages, breezy style, large type, cartoon-type illustrations.	Primarily for pilots. Used principally by primary, fleet and operational training commands. Special requests within aviation and to some ex- tent outside have totalled 5,000 - 10,000 copies.
3.	Security Sense (1944) NavAer 00-80Q-16	Treats personal censorship forcefully, entertainly, and practically, with wise- cracks, anecdotes, and illustrations. Closes with a list of 10 topics to avoid in wartime.	Same as "Radio Liscipline Sense" above.
4.	Are Destroyer Radiomen Ready* for Battle? (ComDesPac)	Covers all phases of radio security, especially procedure, but does it informally by emphasis on correct procedure, authentication, call sign generation, tuning, testing, and other skills. Very challenging. Contains illustra- tions.	Widely distributed by ComDesPac to units afloat. BuPers printed 10,000 copies and sent some to each radio school.
	communication security, but reme	e only operational one that has much to do with embered that a number of commands such as the h New York got out a runder of publications.	

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	Item	Nature of Material	Use	
5.	Guide to Communications for the Larger Types of Landing Craft - Atlantic Fleet Training Command, May 1944	This is an outline rather than a text. One of 14 subjects in the "curriculum" is com- munication security, and security is in- volved to some extent in other subjects, such as messages and drafting, publications, encryption and decryption, and radio commu- nications. Treatment is to be found largely in references rather than the booklet itself. For security, these consist of NOTES, Chapter 4 of Cominst, and Article 76 of N.R. Frontis- piece is a good cartoon, "Is Your Message Really Necessary?"	The "Communication Curriculum" prescribes security for SM, QM, RdM, RT, RM, and all officers. Messages and drafting is listed for all officers, destruction of publications for communi- cation officers only.	و
6.	Signal Communication in The Marine Infantry Regiment (1945) MCS 3-101 NAVMC 3919	Contains a reference or two to security phases of message center operation, almost a page on "Security considerations in using radio", and mention on security in connection with a voice radio net.	For both field and instruc- tional use apparently, even though cover says "For Instructional Purposes Only."	
7.	Combat Intelligence (1945) MCS 3-1 NAVMC 3778	<pre>Section 5, "Counterintelligence", 11 pages, is largely about security. It covers: Secrecy discipline Concealment of troops and their activities Classification of documents Signal communication security, including censorship (3 pages) Counterpropaganda There is a partial recap pp. 159-60 and some mention of security incidentally in eorlier sections p. 100, for exemple.</pre>	Chiefly instructional - MarCorps schools; some use in the field indi- cated also.	

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Use

C. SPECIALIZED TRAINING FOR ENLISTED PERSONNEL

Item	

Nature of Material

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1.	Recommended Material for a Course in Communication Security for Radio Schools (Revised 1945) NavPers 16400	A 22-page outline for lectures: 1. Personal censorship 2 pages 2. Introduction to sccurity COMINST 4000 and 4010 plus transmission methods in order of sccurity, methods of achieving radio security, and	Used in all radio, commu- nication and signal schools under BuPers cognizance.
		authentication	
		4. Radio security radio secu- rity activities, do's and don'ts for operators, radio silence and circuit di cipline, protecting call signs, protecting codes and ciphers, foiling de- ception	
		Bulletin, with additional references to latter8 pages	
2.	BuPers rating manuals for radio, sonarmen, signalmen, and others; also handbook for non- rated men.	Noted virtually no references to security. Even such security measures as use of minimum aperture for visual and avoiding long call-ups by radiotelegraph are not as a rule presented. Except that this defect will be largely remedied in new series now being presared.	For advancement in rating.

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	Item	Nature of Material	Use
		Communication security requirements are listed for certain Q and other specialist ratings but THERE IS NOTHING ABOUT SECURITY IN THE BASIC BOOK FOR NONRATED MEN, not even personal censorship.	
3.	Film MN 2621 - Radio Transmission by Hand Sending	The fourth reel, MN 2621d, depicts several types of operators who are a hazard to the Navy.	These films went mostly to training aid activities to be reissued or loaned to other activities making requisition. The number of prints thus distributed by BuAer was given as follows on 9 January 1946: a. 536 c. 500 b. 534 d. 782 The numbers to whom these films were shown were not obtainable.
4.	Film MA 3809-10 (Navy number) TF 2044 (Army number) Radio Transmission Security	Tells the story of an Allied expedition from North Africa to Italy, showing how care- lessness and poor circuit discipline on the part of one or two operators almost causes the landing to fail.	159 prints of MA 3809 were distributed as indicated above, 2 of MA 3810.
5.	20-K lectures and slides	Topic was transmission security all phases pertaining to radio.	Lecture was given before large audiences of radio operators and other radio personnel at Bainbridge and several other points in continental United States.

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Item

Nature of Material

6. 20-K Training Program

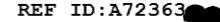
Courses for Q Specialists covered Chapter 4 of COMINST and other security references.

Use

Several hundred took one of these courses in preparation for duties or advancement in rating in one of the sections of CNC or one of their overseas units.

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APPENDIX "D"

DRAFT

MEMORANDUM FOR: Secretary, Joint Security Committee Subject: Education in Communications Security

1. At its meeting on _____ 1946, the Joint Communications Board considered the problem of training in communications security and approved the conclusions and recommendations stated in the report of the <u>ad hoc</u> Committee on Security of Communications. (J.C.B.____)

2. The Joint Security Committee is directed to consider the various types of training in communications security given in the Army Ground Forces, Service Forces, Air Forces, and in the Navy, an outline of which is appended hereto, and to prepare for publication as a JANP a general security pamphlet designed for enlisted personnel. This pamphlet should be similar to DNC 10 and the BuAer Sense Pamphlets of the Navy, like publications of the Army, and would draw from the experiences of both services and especially from joint communications during the war.

3. The Joint Security Committee, in preparing the foregoing pamphlet will consider the following aspects of communications, which from a security point of view, were unsatisfactory during the recent war:

<u>a</u>. Aircraft communications. Circuit discipline, procedure, monitor control, and use of plain language fell short of acceptable minimum standards.

<u>b.</u> Use of voice radio by surface craft. Plain language disclosures were frequent, numerous, and serious. Failure to realize the range of possible interception at frequencies of 30-100 mc. was one

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of the reasons, and failure to write or think out messages before transmission was another. Circuit discipline was unsatisfactory in many instances.

<u>c</u>. Message length, both on voice nets and radictelegraph circuits. The resulting overloads affected the security of crypto systems and fatigued communication personnel to the point where efficiency and alertness were impaired. The only conceivable solution is briefer messages, better operation especially on voice circuits, and elimination of unnecessary procedure. Studies during the war showed that message length could be reduced up to 40% or 50%.

<u>d</u>. Overclassification and use of excessively high precedence. These were widespread violations. Overclassification tended to destroy respect for all classifications, and excessive use of precedence may have facilitated enemy traffic analysis somewhat, in addition to delaying messages of great urgency and destroying the values of precedence.

e. Transmission violations, especially off-frequency operation and incorrect authentication. Unauthorized conversation and incorrect procedure were also prominent among "violations to be eliminated in peacetime training."

<u>f.</u> Service messages. The percentage rose to 2C and above in certain areas. It was substantially reduced through the efforts of security units but remained unnecessarily high.

g. Errors in encryption. The number remained high. A majority were unnecessary and could have been avoided readily. The practice of assigning new and inexperienced officers to crypto duty appears to have been a major cause of such errors.

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<u>h</u>. Physical security. The number of occasions of loss of cryptographic documents were unnecessarily high in both services, and was due largely to carelessness and lack of understanding of the importance of close safeguarding on the part of using and responsible personnel.

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APPENDIX "E"

DRAFT

MEMORANDUM FOR: Secretary, Joint Security Committee Subject: Education in Communications Security

1. At its meeting on _____ 1946, the Joint Communications Board considered the problem of training in communications security and approved the conclusions and recommendations stated in the report of the <u>ad hoc</u> Committee on Security of Communications (J.C.B.____)

2. The Joint Security Committee is directed to consider the various types of training in communications security given in the Army Ground Forces, Service Forces, Air Forces, and in the Navy, an outline of which is appended hereto, and to prepare for publication as a JANP a general security pamphlet designed for officer personnel. This pamphlet should be similar to the pamphlet for enlisted personnel and should contain in addition, doctrine regarding the preparation of messages with particular emphasis on brevity and clarity, classification of messages, assignment of precedences, etc. Such a pamphlet should be directed at the officer with command responsibilities and should emphasize the purpose and importance of communications security and the danger resulting from inaccurate security.

3. The Joint Security Committee, in preparing the foregoing pamphlet will consider the following aspects of communications, which from a security point of view, were unsatisfactory during the recent war:

<u>a</u>. Aircraft communications. Circuit discipline, procedure, monitor control, and use of plain language fell short of acceptable minimum standards.

b. Use of voice radio by surface craft. Plain

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language disclosures were frequent, numerous, and serious. Failure to realize the range of possible interception at frequencies of 30-100 mc. was one of the reasons, and failure to write or think out messages before transmission was another. Circuit discipline was unsatisfactory in many instances.

<u>c</u>. Message length, both on voice nets and radiotelegraph circuits. The resulting overloads affected the security of crypto systems and fatigued communication personnel to the point where efficiency and alertness were impaired. The only conceivable solution is briefer messages, better operation especially on voice circuits, and elimination of unnecessary procedure. Studies during the war showed that message length could be reduced up to 40% or 50%.

<u>d</u>. Overclassification and use of excessively high precedence. These were widespread violations. Overclassification tended to destroy respect for all classifications, and excessive use of precedence may have facilitated enemy traffic analysis somewhat, in addition to delaying messages of great urgency and destroying the values of precedence.

<u>e</u>. Transmission violations, especially off-frequency operation and incorrect authentication. Unauthorized conversation and incorrect procedure were also prominent among "violations to be eliminated in peacetime training."

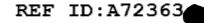
<u>f</u>. Service messages. The percentage rose to 20 and above in certain areas. It was substantially reduced through the efforts of security units but remained unnecessarily high.

g. Errors in encryption. The number remained high. A majority were unnecessary and could have been avoided

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readily. The practice of assigning new and inexperienced officers to crypto duty appears to have been a major cause of such errors.

<u>h</u>. Physical security. The number of occasions of loss of cryptographic documents were unnecessarily high in both services, and was due largely to carelessness and lack of understanding of the importance of close safeguarding on the part of using and responsible personnel.

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APPENDIX "F"

DRAFT

MEMORANDUM TO WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENTS

Subject: Education in Communications Security

1. On _____ 1946, the Joint Communications Board considered the problem of education and training in communi-cations security and recommends:

<u>a</u>. The continuation of the training programs in communication security that existed during the war as the minimum desirable. All courses should place strong emphasis on the lessons learned, the losses suffered, and the disciplinary action taken as the result of breaches of approved security practices in order to help forestall the development, later, of carelessness on the job.

b. The inclusion of general courses in communications security in the basic training of unlisted personnel, and at all pre-officer and officer schools.

<u>c</u>. The inclusion in reserve officer training programs of courses in communications security.

2. The foregoing is sent to the War/Navy Department for necessary action. A similar memorandum is being sent to the Navy/War Department.

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