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AUTHENTICATION

(Rosen & FRIE DMM)

Declassified and approved for release by NSA on 09-06-2013 pursuant to E.O. 13526

REF ID A67602 SECRET Mens for major Cook: Herewith carbon copy of document on a recognition-authentication davice. hotes par. (3) Thereof. Please lot me know if the recommended action thereas was initiated. Ŧ, thefo, peid, that the subject is more a less deal in that there does not appear tobe much use for this. Rosen says he doesn't believe pakent is necessary in work while, Set thomas abalis sut one expers, and model. other replics were received but not the



in Reply Reper to 0-3-C

WAR DEPARTMENT OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER WASHINGTON

November 6, 1941

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Colonel Minckler

Herewith is preliminary write-up with rough drawings of the recognition-authentication device concerning which I told you yesterday.

Recommend (1) that we be permitted to start at once to build a first model in our shop. Materials for same are practically all on hand, except for clock mechanism.

(2) that Lieut. Rosen be sent to see clock manufacturers, with a view to finding a clock suitable for the purpose of the proposed new device.

(3) that copy of these papers be forwarded to Signal Corps Patents Board for processing.

William F. Friedman.

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Preliminary description of an invention concerning a mechanism for producing secret recognition, identification, or authentication symbols.

- A. This description consists of this sheet of explanation and four figures. The following elements are incorporated in the device:
 - 1. Three or more rotors, conventionally wired, and arranged with associated lamps, bar key and battery as shown in the circuit details diagram, Fig. 1.
 - 2. A clockwork mechanism so arranged as to drive one of the roters periodically at specified time intervals. Thus in diagram of "step mechanism details", Fig. 2, is shown a form of drive suitable for rotating rotor in number 2 position forward at specified time intervals by means of a clockwork, camshaft, cam and associated pawl. The clockwork is also provided with a conventional dial (preferably of the 24 hour variety). This dial is further subdivided into 26 segments, marked alphabetically as shown in the general view, Fig. 3.
 - 3. Both the left and right end stator wirings are variable, and can be changed by means of a plug and jack arrangement.
 - 4. A ring so constructed that it will fit on the outside of any one of the rotors is provided. Details of this ring are shown in the figure showing retor details, Fig. 4.
- B. Operation of the machine is accomplished in this way. (all settings according to key):
 - 1. The ring referred to in 4 above is placed on the rotor which will be placed in position 2, the arm on the ring falling into the appropriate stepping notch in the rotor.
 - 2. The end stator wirings are fixed.
 - 3. Rotors are inserted.
 - 4. The clock is wound and set to the correct time.
 - 5. Center rotor is set to letter corresponding to that shown by clock on its alphabetical dial. (Letter visible through the cover window on rotor in #2 position is actually the letter on the removeable ring rather than the true rotor letter.)
 - 6. Set other rotors and end plate to hourly setting.
 - 7. Challenge is letter showing through the cover window of roter in number 2 position.
 - 8. Answer is letter (or letters) shown by lights when key bar is depressed.
 - 9. If challenge letter does not correspond to letter shown in cover window of rotor in number 2 position, this rotor is reset manually before challenge is answered.
 - 10. Rotors are reset manually on the hour. Delayed setting can be made by checking with alphabetical dial on cleck. At beginning of setting period new setting is shown by the fact that the challenge is a letter at the beginning of the alphabet. (Rotor in number 2 position will not move from Z to A automatically.) Therefore if challenge is received as a letter near the beginning of the alphabet, it is known that the new setting is in effect. (This provision is for the purpose of eliminating possible errors due to slight differences in clock speeds and thus system does not require accurate synchronization.

Disclosed to us at Washington, D.C., Invented at Washington, D.C., , 1941. on November November 3, 1941, by red are 9 600 William F. Friedman 1020 5 BARPON SE -----MOD. N ABINGDON ST ARLINGTON, VA. Leo Rosen

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- β . (preferably of the 24 hour variety). This dial is further subdivided into 26 segments, mambe marked alphabetically as shown in the general view, آمع، 3.
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(IS PROVIDED)

4. A ring is provided so constructed that it will on the outside of any one of the rotors Details of this ring are shown in Tigure showing rotor details, Fy,4.

B.Operation of the machine is accomplished in this ways (all according to key):

- 1. The ring referred to in 4 above is placed on the rotor which will be placed in position 2, the arm on the ring falling into the appropriate stepping notch in the rotor.
- 2. The end stator wirings are fixed.
- 3. Rotors are inserted.
- 4. The clock is set to the correct time and wound.

5. Center rotor is set to letter corresponding to that shown by clock on its alphabetical dial. (Center rotor letter visible through the

- cover window is actually the letter on the removeable ring rather than the true rotor letter.)
- 6. Set other rotors and end plate to hourly setting.
- 7. Challenge is letter showing through the cover window of rotor in number 2 position. (or letters)
- 8. Answer is tetter, shown by lights when key bar is depressed.
- 9. AXXXXXXXXXX If challenge does not correspond to letter shown in cover window of rotor in number 2 position, this rotor is reset manually,
- 10. Rotors are reset manually on the hour. Delayd setting can be made by checking with alphabetical dial on clock. At any of setting period new setting is shown by the fact that the challenge is at the and of the alphabet. (Rotor in number 2 position will not move from Z to A automatically). Therefore of challenge is received as a letter near the beginning of the alphabet, it is known that the new setting is in effect. (This provision if for the purpose of eliminating the possible errors due to a slight differences in clock speeds And Hus sphere possible errors une of synchronization. does not require, accurate synchronization. Disclosed to us at Washington, D.C., on Not. 1941. Threated at Washington, D.C., Not. 3, 1941, by William F. FRIEDMAN

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ROTORS IN #1, #2, MD #3 POSITIONS AND END PLATE MAY BE ANTATED BY MAND, ONLY ROTOR IN #2 POSITION IS ROTATED BY MECMANICAL MEANS

Invented at Washington, D.C., november 3, 91941, by William F. Friedman Jig. 1 Leo Rosen Risclosed to us at Washington, D.C. Noreinber 3, 1941 : Gare P. Gook 1020 5 BARTON ST ARLINGTON, YA Vernon & Cooley 1402 71, abundan H Arlington, Va

REF ID: A67602 POSITION# 2 DET- MECHANISM DETAIL Rotor SPRINES LINIT STOP DEPRESSIONOF LIMIT STOP - LOWERED BY KEY BAR SOTH SO THAT PAUL WILL NOT ENGAGE ROTOR NOTCHES WHEN KEY BAR 15 DOWN CAM ON SMAFT TURNED BY WOUND SPRING (OR MOTOR THROUGH FRICTION CLUTCH) RELEASED FOR ONE REVOLUTION AT SPECIFIED TIME INTERVALS BY CLOCKWORK, [ROTOR IN #2_ POSITION IS CAUSED TO ROTATE ONE STEP AT SPECIFIED TIME INTERVALS BY THIS MECHANISN] monted at Washington, D.C. normber 3, 1941, by Fig. 2 William 7. Friedman Leo Rosen Disclosed to us at Washington, D.C., november 3, 1941 Gall F. Gook 1020 5 BARDON ST APRIMOTON VA Urmon E. Cooley 1402 N abing don HO Arlington, Va. 2





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hemo for Capt, Cook. Re possible usage - distribution of the proposed recognition - authentication derice, It appe to me that such a mechanism would be highly useful for the following purposes 1. Identification - recognition Betureau friendly. (a) Airoraft in flight in night operations (b) Ancraft and ground stations of anti-(c) Taupa and other armored vehicles in night operations (d) Ships and shore batteries malit operations Received of (e) Ships at sea authentication of messages betw (a) tixed radiotelegraph installations of the larger headquarters (Divis abrive (b) Ships at pea (c) Shippand shore state