that flaxseed cannot be

Bulletin 1

Sec.

601.884 Settlement. Commodity Credit Corporation and applicable

The 1951 c. c. c. Grain Sup., A

5, 62


nounced for the 1951 crop of flaxseed. 1951 Texas


A price support program has been an-
nounced for the 1951 crop of flaxseed. The 1951 C. C. C. Grain Price Support Bulletin 1 (16 F. R. 1987), issued by the Commodity Credit Corporation and containing the general requirements with respect to price support operations for grains and related commodities pro-
duced in 1951, is supplemented as fol-

ews:

Sec.


§ 601.875 Purpose. Sections 601.875 to 601.884 state additional specific re-

quirements which, together with the general requirements contained in the 1951 C. C. C. Grain Price Support Bulletin 1 (16 F. R. 1987), apply to loans and purchase agreements under the 1951-Crop Flaxseed Price Support Program.

§ 601.876 Availability of price sup-

port—(a) Method of support. Price sup-

port will be made available through farm-storage and warehouse-storage loans and through purchase agreements.

(b) Area. Farm-storage and ware-

house-storage loans and purchase agree-

ments will be available wherever flaxseed is grown in the continental United States, except in Texas counties desig-
nated under the 1951 Texas Flaxseed Purchase Program (16 F. R. 3423). Farm-storage loans will not be available in areas where the PMA State committee determines that flaxseed cannot be safely stored on the farm.

(c) Where to apply. Application for price support should be made at the office of the PMA county committee which keeps the farm-program records for the farm.

(d) When to apply. Loans and pur-

chase agreements will be available from the time of harvest through October 31, 1951, in Arizona, California, and in the Texas counties not designated under the 1951 Texas Flaxseed Purchase Program, and from the time of harvest through January 31, 1952, in all other States; the applicable documents must be signed by the producer and delivered to the county committee not later than such final dates.

(e) Eligible producer. An eligible producer shall be an individual, part-

nership, association, corporation, or other legal entity producing flaxseed in 1951 as landlord, tenant or sharecropper.

§ 601.877 Eligible flaxseed. Eligible flaxseed must meet the following re-

quirements:

(a) The flaxseed must have been pro-

duced in the continental United States (excluding the Texas counties designated under the 1951 Texas Flaxseed Purchase Program) in 1951 by an eligible pro-

ducer.

(b) The beneficial interest in the flaxseed must be in the producer ten-

dering the flaxseed for loan or for de-

livery under a purchase agreement, and must always have been in him, or must have been in him and a former producer whom he succeeded before the flaxseed was harvested.

(c) The flaxseed must grade Grade No. 1 or No. 2. Flaxseed which contains more than 30 percent moisture or which is musty, sour, heating, hot, or which has any commercially objectionable odor, or which is otherwise of low quality, shall not be eligible.

(d) If offered as security for a farm-

storage loan, the flaxseed must have been stored in the bin or granary at

(Continued on p. 3877)
Thursday, May 3, 1951

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quote the items which he procures (or for which he procures constituent materials or components) without use of a rating assigned by this direction.

Sec. 9. Excess of quota prohibited. An exporter for whom an export MRO quota is established under section 6 of this direction may not place orders in May and June for MRO items, or for materials or components to be incorporated in MRO items for export, which are chargeable against his quota, having an aggregate export value in excess of the amount of his quota. Orders for replacement of inventory are to be treated in the same way as orders for items for direct export or as orders for components for any item requiring manufacture. The materials and components needed for its manufacture. The DO-97 rating may not be extended, however, to secure materials or components included in List A of NPA Reg. 2 or the materials included in Table I of NPA Reg. 4. Nothing in this direction shall be construed as relieving any person from the obligation of complying with such limitations on acquisition or use of materials or such other provisions as may be contained in any applicable regulation or order of any other competent authority.

Sec. 12. Records to be kept. Each person for whom an approved MRO quota is established pursuant to section 6 of this direction must make and preserve for 2 years accurate and complete records showing all orders, receipts, and shipments of MRO for export during May and June 1951, regardless of whether rated or not, and all other relevant data, in sufficient detail to permit an audit that determines for each transaction that the provisions of this direction have been observed. This does not specify any particular accounting method and does not require alteration of the system of records customarily maintained, provided such records disclose the above data and supply an adequate basis for audit. Records may be retained in the form of microfilm or other means instead of the originals. All records required by this direction shall be made available at the usual place of business where maintained for inspection and audit by duly authorized representatives of the NPA.

Sec. 13. Applications for adjustment or exception. Any person affected by any provision of this direction may file a request for adjustment or exception, upon the ground that such provision works an undue or exceptional hardship, upon him not suffered generally by others in the same trade or industry, or that its enforcement against him would not be in the interest of the national defense or in the public interest. In examining requests for adjustment claiming that the public interest is prejudiced by the application of any provision of this direction, consideration will be given to the requirements of the public health and safety, civilian defense, and dislocation of labor and resulting unemployment that would impair the defense program. Each request shall be submitted in writing, in triplicate, shall set forth all pertinent facts and the nature of the relief sought, and shall state the justification therefore.

Sec. 14. Communications. All communications concerning this direction shall be addressed to the Office of International Trade, Washington 25, D. C. (Ref: Dir. 2 to NPA Reg. 4.)

Sec. 15. Violations. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this direction or who willfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information in the course of operation under this direction is guilty of a crime and, upon conviction, may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition, administrative action may be taken against any such person to suspend his privilege of making or receiving further deliveries of materials or using facilities of labor and resulting unemployment to deprive him of further priorities assistance.

Sec. 16. Expiration. This direction expires June 30, 1951. After that date no DO-97 rating may be applied by any person to secure MRO items for export (or their constituent materials or components) under the authority of this direction. It is contemplated, however, that a new procedure for procurement of MRO items for export, applicable after June 30, 1951, will be announced well in advance of that date.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this direction have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1949 (5 USC 190d-190g).

This direction shall take effect on May 1, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
MANLY F. HETZMANN,
Administrator.
[FR Doc. 51-5188; Filed May 1, 1951; 4:58 p. m.]

Chapter XI—Defense Electric Power Administration, Department of the Interior

[DEPA Order EO-1, as Amended April 13, 1951, effective April 13, 1951]

EO-1—Plant Additions: Information To Be Filed

This amendment to DEPA Order EO-1, as amended April 13, 1951, is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. In the formulation of this amendment, consultation with industry representatives has been rendered impracticable due to the necessity for immediate action.

Paragraph (a) of section 3 is hereby amended by adding a new subparagraph (5), reading as follows:

(5) Form DEPA 4-S, “Electricity Utility Statement of Minor Requirements of Steel”, This form shall be filed not later than May 21, 1951.

(Sec. 704. Pub. Law 778, 81st Cong.)

This amendment shall take effect on May 3, 1951.

KEN O. WHITAKER,
Acting Administrator,
Defense Electric Power Administration.

FR Doc. 51-5225; Filed May 2, 1951; 11:06 a.m.]

TITLE 37—PATENTS, TRADE-MARKS, AND COPYRIGHTS

Chapter III—Government Patents Board

[Admin. Order 5]

PART 300—ADMINISTRATION OF A UNIFORM PATENT POLICY WITH RESPECT TO THE DOMESTIC RIGHTS IN INVENTIONS MADE BY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

April 26, 1951.

This part supersedes the former Part 300, 15 F. R. 6124.

Sec.

200.1 Purpose.

200.2 Authority.

200.3 Scope.

200.4 Definitions.

200.5 Determination of invention.

200.6 Determination of rights in and to inventions.

200.7 Appeals by employers.

200.8 Patent protection.

200.9 Report forms.

200.10 Liasion.

200.11 Dissemination of order.

AUTHORITY: 310.1 to 300.11 issued under sec. 4, E. O. 10566, Jan 23, 1950, 15 F. R. 391.

§ 300.1 Purpose. The purpose of this part is to provide for the administration of a uniform patent policy for the Government with respect to the domestic rights in inventions made by Government employees and to prescribe rules and regulations for implementing and effectuating such policy.

§ 300.2 Authority. Authority for the administration of a uniform patent policy is provided in Executive Order 10986, dated January 23, 1950 (15 F. R. 391).

§ 300.3 Scope. This part applies to any invention made by a Government employee on or after January 23, 1950, and to any action taken with respect thereto.

§ 300.4 Definitions. (a) The term “Government agency”, as used in this part, means any Executive department or independent establishment of the Executive branch of the Government (including any independent regulatory
RULERS AND REGULATIONS

§ 200.5 Determination of invention. Each Government agency will determine the respective rights of the Government and of the inventor to the invention in and to any invention made by a Government employee (i) during working hours, or (ii) with a personal or professional interest of such employee, or in any case where the Government has insufficient interest to justify a requirement of assignment. (1) Description of the invention in sufficient detail to permit a satisfactory review; and (2) Name of inventor and his employment status; and (3) Statement of agency determination and reasons therefor.

§ 200.6 Determination of rights in and to inventions. (a) Subject to review by the Chairman as provided for in this section, the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph shall be final. The decision of the Chairman upon any appeal taken pursuant to this section shall be final.

§ 200.8 Patent protection. (a) A Government agency, upon determining that an invention is patentable, reserves a nonexclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free license in the invention made by an employee who is employed or assigned (1) to invent or improve or protect any art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter; (2) to conduct or perform research, development work, or both; (3) to supervise, direct, coordinate, or review Government work, with power to grant licenses for the use of the invention involved in the appeal; and (4) to act in a liaison capacity among governmental or non-governmental agencies or individuals engaged in such work, falls within the purview of Executive Order 10096.

§ 300.5 Determination of invention. Each Government agency will determine the respective rights of the Government and of the inventor to the invention in and to any invention made by a Government employee (i) during working hours, or (ii) with a personal or professional interest of such employee, or in any case where the Government has insufficient interest to justify a requirement of assignment. (1) Description of the invention in sufficient detail to permit a satisfactory review; and (2) Name of inventor and his employment status; and (3) Statement of agency determination and reasons therefor.

§ 300.6 Determination of rights in and to inventions. (a) Subject to review by the Chairman as provided for in this section, the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph shall be final. The decision of the Chairman upon any appeal taken pursuant to this section shall be final.

§ 300.8 Patent protection. (a) A Government agency, upon determining that an invention is patentable, reserves a nonexclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free license in the invention made by an employee who is employed or assigned (1) to invent or improve or protect any art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter; (2) to conduct or perform research, development work, or both; (3) to supervise, direct, coordinate, or review Government work, with power to grant licenses for the use of the invention involved in the appeal; and (4) to act in a liaison capacity among governmental or non-governmental agencies or individuals engaged in such work, falls within the purview of Executive Order 10096.
§ 300.6, but this shall be without prejudice to acquiring the rights specified in subparagraph (1) of that paragraph shall have been filed by the Chairman so decide.

(c) Where an agency has determined to leave title to an invention with an employee under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) of § 300.6, the agency will, upon the filing of an application for patent and pending review of the determination by the Chairman, take the rights specified in subparagraph (2) of that paragraph, without prejudice to the subsequent acquisition by the Government of the rights specified in subparagraph (1) of that paragraph.

(d) In the event that patent protection is sought by an agency for an invention made by a Government employee, the agency shall, subject to considerations of national security, or public health, safety, or welfare, report to the Chairman, promptly upon the filing of an application for patent, the following information concerning the invention:

(1) Brief description of the invention;

(2) Name of the inventor and his employment status; and

(3) Serial number, title of invention, and date on which the application was filed.

(e) In the event that a Government agency determines that an application for patent will not be filed on an invention made under the circumstances specified in subparagraph (1) of that paragraph, the following information concerning the invention:

(1) Description of the invention in sufficient detail to permit a satisfactory review;

(2) Name of the inventor and his employment status; and

(3) Statement of agency determination and reasons thereof. The Chairman may, if he determines that the interest of the Government so requires and subject to considerations of national security, or public health, safety, or welfare, cause an application for patent to be filed or cause the invention to be fully disclosed by publication thereof: Provided, however, That no application for patent respecting any variety of plant-invented by an employee of the Department of Agriculture shall be filed without the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

(f) Whenever a patent hereafter issues on an invention made by a Government employee, in respect to which the Government has any right, title, or interest, including a license, the Government agency concerned shall, promptly upon the issuance of the patent, furnish to

(1) An abstract of the invention;

(2) Name of the inventor and his employment status;

(3) A copy of the patent; and

(4) Statement of the nature and extent of the right, title, or interest of the Government in the invention.

§ 300.9 Report forms. The Chairman will prescribe the forms to be used by Government agencies in submitting the reports specified in this part.

§ 300.10 Liason. Each Government agency shall designate a liaison officer at the agency level to deal with the Office of the Chairman: Provided, however, That the Departments of the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force may each designate a liaison officer.

§ 300.11 Dissemination of this part. Each Government agency shall make appropriate arrangements for the dissemination to its employees of the provisions of this part.

Administrative Order No. 1, dated September 6, 1950, is superseded by the provisions of this part, which shall remain in effect until further notice.

ASCHE M. PALMER, Chairman.

Approved: April 26, 1951.

HARRY S. TRUMAN, President.

[F. R. Doc. 51–5123; Filed, May 2, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

[24 Rev. S. O. 856]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

INCLUSION OF SATURDAYS IN COMPUTING DEMURRAGE ON ALL FREIGHT CARS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of April A. D. 1951, it appeared that railroad freight cars are being delayed unduly in loading and unloading; or while held for orders, surrender of order bill of lading, payment of freight charges, reconsignment, diversion, reinspection, inspection, or forwarding directions; or while held for any other purpose of consignee, consignor or owner, causing a shortage of equipment and impeding and diminishing the use, control, supply, movement, distribution, exchange, interchange, and return of such cars; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency requiring immediate action to promote National Defense and car service in the interest of the public and the commerce of the people exists in all sections of the country: It is ordered, that:

§ 95.866 Saturdays to be included, in computing demurrage on all freight cars.

(a) Each common carrier by railroad, subject to the Interstate Commerce Act shall include all Saturdays when computing demurrage on all freight cars whether, or not, they are subject to monthly average agreement or any other regular settlement period.

(b) Application: The provisions of this section shall apply to interstate, intra­state and foreign commerce, including commerce with insular possessions and the territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

(c) Cars exempted: This section shall not apply to the free time on cars loaded with import, coastwise, or intercoastal traffic at ports, and to the free time on unloading box cars containing export, coastwise, or intercoastal traffic at ports.

(d) Regulations suspended; announcement required: The operation of all rules and regulations insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this section is hereby suspended and each railroad subject to this section, or its agent, shall publish, file, and post a supplement to each of its tariffs and rate issuances in substantial accord with the provisions of Rule 9 (k) of the Commission's Tariff Circular No. 20 (§ 141.9 (k) of this Commission) and in announcing such suspension.

(e) Effective date: This section shall become effective at 7:00 a.m., May 1, 1951.

(f) Expiration date: This section shall expire at 7:00 a.m., October 15, 1951, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled by order of this Commission.

It is further ordered, that this order vacates and supersedes Service Order No. 856, and that a copy of this order and direction shall be served upon the railroad regulatory body of each State and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and all other carriers by railroad; and that a copy of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.


By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTLE, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–5123; Filed, May 2, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]
NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

Notice of opening of land to entry under the small tract act

April 27, 1951.

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Director, Bureau of Land Management under § 321 of Order No. 427, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, August 16, 1950 (15 F. R. 5641), the following described public lands embracing approximately 2 acres as well as other public lands in the Fairbanks, Alaska land district were classified by Alaska Small Tract Classification Order No. 39 dated April 18, 1951 as chiefly valuable for lease and sale for cabin sites under the following described public lands:

Estimated acreage: 2 acres

For lease:

- A tract of land located on Favorite Channel, Alaska, Identified as Lot 20, U. S. Survey 2006 containing approximately 0.60 acres (home site application and petition for shore space restoration of Wellman Holbrook Anchorage 016887).
- A tract of land located on Clover Pass, Alaska, Identified as Lot 7, U. S. Survey 2986 containing approximately 5 acres (home site application and petition for shore space restoration of William Francis Steven Anchorage 015058).
- A tract of land located on Clover Pass, Alaska, Identified as Lot 16, U. S. Survey 2986 containing approximately 4.83 acres (home site application and petition for shore space restoration of Bert E. Black Anchorage 016887).
- A tract of land located on Tongass Narrows, Alaska, Identified as Lot 23, U. S. Survey 2604 containing approximately 3.29 acres (home site application and petition for shore space restoration of Harvey W. Christl-law Anchorage 016846).