YEARS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF KOREA. ELEVEN MORE INTRUSIONS INTO THE TERRITORIAL

ACCORDING TO QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS, THE "PIELO" DID NOT

MAY NOT MAKE ONLY SIX INTRUSIONS INTO THE TERRITORIAL

This worksheet contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, Sections 793, 794 and 798, the transmission or the revelation of which in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law.

This form for internal agency use only.

U.S. GOVERNMENT
WATERS OF OUR COUNTRY WERE VERIFIED BY LORAN "C" RECORDS
FOUND IN THE SHIP.

CINCPACFLT INSTRUCTION ZEROZEROTHREEONETWOZERO POINT

TWOFOUR A CONTAINED CONCRETE, DETAILED RULES FOR ACTION ON
SURFACE AND SUBMARINE RECONNAISSANCE AND THE REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE CREW OF THE "PUEBLO" ADMITTED THAT THEY FAITHFULLY
CARRIED OUT THE INSTRUCTION.

THE INSTRUCTION NOTED: "SURFACE PATROLS WITHIN THE
CLAIMED TWELVE MILE TERRITORIAL SEAS OF CHINA, USSR,
"SSR-HELD TERRITORY OR ANY OTHER SOVEREIGN NATION CLAIMED
TWELVE MILE TERRITORIAL WATERS WILL NOT RPT NOT BE
CONDUCTED WITHOUT SPECIFIC APPROVAL BY HIGHER AUTHORITY.

IN ADDITION THE IDONESIAN SEAS ... SHALL NOT RPT NO BE
PENETRATED WITHOUT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION BY CINCPACFLT. SURFACE
PATHOS TO THE THREE MILE LIMIT OF NORTH KOREA AND CHICOM
ISLANDS IN THE PARACELLS ARE AUTHORIZED".
BEHAVIOR FOR THE PEOPLE OF ANY NATION.

STEPHEN R. HARRIS, RESEARCH OFFICER AS RESEARCH OFFICER

I WAS IN CHARGE OF A SPECIAL DETACHMENT OF 30 MEN WHOSE

PRIMARY TASK IT WAS TO ASSIST THE COMMANDING OFFICER IN HIS

EFFORTS TO COLLECT INTELLIGENCE FROM RECEIVED ELECTRONICS SIGNALS.

I WAS DIRECTLY ORDERED BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE U.S.
PACIFIC FLEET AND COMMANDER NAVAL FORCES JAPAN TO PERFORM

THIS TASK AND TO SUBMIT LOGS AND RECORDINGS OF THE RECEIVED

ELECTRONIC SIGNALS AND SUBMIT THEM TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY

AGENCY IN WASHINGTON, D.C. AND THE PACIFIC COMMAND ELECTRONICS

INTELLIGENCE CENTER IN JAPAN FOR DETAILED TECHNICAL ANALYSIS.

SPECIFICALLY, WE LISTENED WITH SPECIAL SENSITIVE RADAR

RECEIVING SETS TO INTERCEPT THE RADARS OF THE KOREAN
SITES ALONG THE KOREAN COAST. ALSO THESE RADAR SIGNALS WOULD TELL US
THE LOCATIONS AND PRESENCE OF NAVAL VESSELS

AND OTHER UNITS OF THE KOREAN PEOPLES ARMY. AS I A BELIEVE THE

COMMANDING OFFICER JUST MENTIONED WE INTERCEPTED MORE THAN 130
4-5-4 038,-
0 748, & 974 80089... I WAS ALSO ASSISTED BY

I XO MEN WHO HAD SOME KNOWLEDGE OF KOREAN LANGUAGE

AND WE MONITORED VARIOUS COMMUNICATIONS SIGNALS OF THE KOREAN
PEOPLES ARMY SUCH AS VOICERADIO TELEPHONE, MORSE CODE, AND

RADIO TELETYPewriter TRANSMISSIONS. THESE TRANSMISSIONS WERE
MONITORED IN AN ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE WHAT MILITARY

INFORMATION WAS BEING EXCHANGED BY RADIO BETWEEN UNITS OF THE

KOREAN PEOPLES ARMY. ONE OTHER PART OF MY TASK WHICH I
INADVERTENTLY OMITTED AT THE BEGINNING WAS THAT I WAS TO

SUBMIT A WRITTEN REPORT AT THE END OF OUR MISSION TO THE

DIRECTOR OF THE NAVAL SECURITY GROUP. THIS REPORT WAS TO

HAVE CONTAINED A SUMMARY OF ALL THE ELECTRONIC DATA WE HAD
Collected this data would include, for example, the frequencies in use, the modes of operations of equipment and the time of transmission. Shortly after our capture, I seemed to realize the evil nature of what we had done. I realized this because it was obvious to the entire world that the Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea has no intention of launching an attack on the United States of America many thousands of miles away. I feel deeply sorry for what we have done but since we are operating under orders as military men our government should accept the moral responsibility for what we have done. Thank you very much.

F/No
663