

Q5 PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF THE NETWORK OUTAGE

(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(1)

24-28 JANUARY 2000

4 February 2000

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF NSA's

NETWORK OUTAGE - 24-28 JANUARY 2000 Introduction (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 **Executive Summary** Lessons Learned Team Methodology **Root Causes** Other Observations Positive Observations (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 I. Introduction From 24-28 January 2000, NSA experienced an network outage. This outage effectively prevented from processing collected data This preliminary report is aimed at discussing both the root causes of this outage and other related issues that need to be corrected if the type of outage recently experienced is to be prevented from occurring in the future. The lessons learned from this exclusively levent, also apply to NSA's field sites. Even though field campus networks are smaller. and must be equally well supported and managed.

II. Executive Summary

While specific technical problems occurred to cause this outage, when you "peel back the skin of the onion", the causes are rooted in fundamental internal problems related to resources, management, and our ability to implement, maintain, and manage a very complex and large network. There was no evidence to suggest deliberate or malicious activity was involved in this network outage. The technology, vendor equipment, and architectural plans were sound; we simply are not effectively implementing that architecture -- a problem that cuts across organizational boundaries. The solutions to these problems begin with DIRNSA's 100 Days of Change. Resource realignment, centralized management, authority, and accountability, and the stated desire to re-invest in our infrastructure are absolutely essential and are the start of ensuring that the chance of a future outage of this type is minimized.

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IV. Methodology (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 While there is no one single cause of this outage Through an exhaustive brainstorming session the team recorded all issues and then categorized them into root causes or related issues. The team then discussed the causes and recommended solutions to the problem. V. Root Causes (Priority Order) (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36		(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
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Of particular concern is the need to increase the manpower, to retain skilled government and concerns professionals. Skilled government network professional to NSA's future.	ontractor manpower, and to trai	n network
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Short Term: DIRNSA has embarked on many	significant initiatives to improve	NSA's husiness
Short Term: DIRNSA has embarked on many spractices by setting corporate priorities and aliqued decision to consolidate IT into a single NSA or management and accountability to IT, but also allow management to better focus scarce reso	gning funding according to thos ganization will not only bring co eliminate the duplication of so	se priorities. The entralized me efforts and will make a

Long Term: IT and networks must have an adequate and sustained level of resources. If network services are not outsourced in part or in their entirety, serious attention must be given to hiring, retaining, and training Government network experts. Additional vendor experts will also be required but the exact level of manning is undetermined at this time.

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ACTION TAKEN: Senior NSA managem	nent is addressing the issues of funding and
personnel. The current DT restructuring v	will resolve many of the organizational issues and
provide a single decision-making authorit	ty for networking issues. An independent external
team consisting of	and other industry experts has been commissioned to
review the network. This to	eam will make substantive recommendations by 15
	etwork stability, and resource issues. An internal team
is being established to review the recommon	mendations and develop a plan to implement these
recommendations.	

b. Lack of Management Action: Most of the findings of this review group have been known and discussed many times, in many forums. However, little significant change has occurred to date. Resource problems are well known. Many of the things that need to be done to improve the network are well known. An NSA Office of Inspector General ITI Survey conducted 4 October 1998 to 16 March 1999, revealed similar problems. Also of particular concern to this review team is that their management is in many cases ignoring recommendations of technical experts.

Why the Problem Occurred: Corporate processes and management have not properly prioritized NSA's needs, including infrastructure, to fund those priority items and say no to those not funded. NSA has been downsized in terms of resources (dollars and personnel) but it has not cut mission. Meanwhile, the SIGINT environment is radically becoming more challenging. As for technical recommendations being ignored, in some cases this is true. In the broad, complex, and quickly changing field of telecommunications and networks, senior managers must rely on the input of technical personnel.

Solution:

Short Term: DIRNSA has embarked on many significant changes in an effort to change the way NSA manages its business to allow us to begin corporately addressing NSA priorities and aligning funding according to those priorities. He has engaged DoD, the IC, and Congress and is soliciting their support for these changes and additional resources. The management team will change with the centralization of IT and networks and managers will fully take advantage of their qualified technical workforce.

Long Term: The changes started by the DIRNSA must come to fruition.

ACTION TAKEN: The centralization of IT and networks and their consolidation into a single NSA organization will not only bring centralized management and accountability to IT, but will enable informed decision making for the entire network, not just the backbone or user network portion. This decision making will include funding, manpower, and technical issues.

c. **Culture Change**: NSA must recognize the fundamental importance of the IT infrastructure and in particular the network undercarriage. The network is complex, requiring highly skilled experts to plan, implement, and manage. Serious senior management attention must be given to the importance of the network and its resource demands. An appreciation for the

infrastructure must be a factor considered by all levels of management in making business and operational decisions. In fact, NSA must learn what most successful businesses have learned: that IT, in particular the network, is absolutely vital to their business. Our business processes must also change. Budgets for IT technology must be allowed to be soft on specifics in the out-years, because the rate of change in technology makes accurate predictions on required specific changes impossible. In addition, our current network procedures and management tools reflect our past non-networked world or "the CLOVER way of doing business." They must be reexamined.

Why the Problem Occurred: Culture is developed over time as a result of the environment the organization is operating in. This environment influences behaviors both organizationally and individually. These behaviors become our culture; changing our culture will take leadership, vision, and time.

Solution:

Short Term: DIRNSA's 100 days of change is the beginning. The reorganization of IT and networks is the next step.

Long Term: NSA must partner more closely with commercial network vendors to adapt our procedures to a highly complex, vitally important, and dynamic network environment.

ACTION TAKEN: An independent external team has been commissioned that will make

addition, an internal team will be commissioned to review our practices and processill jointly make recommendations. Senior management must incorporate these the NSA culture and foster these cultural changes into the workforce.	edures and
Why the Problem Occurred: There are several reasons for this problem.	
Solution:	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Short Term:	

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Long Term: An effective network performance management NSA must set aside or acquire a cadre of highly skilled network performance of the network. Based on this data, network	vork engineers to routinely monitor k upgrades can be planned, and
potential network bottlenecks averted and problems preven	ted.
ACTION TAKEN: A cross-organizational team of technical customers and contractors has been established to address architecture, installation, network operations and many has met bi-weekly since December 1999 and has been suc problems with the input of the affected organizations.	s technical issues that arise due to agement, or user issues. This team
e.	
Solution:	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Short Term: Investigation as to why this event occurred must complete review may help determine the cau	
ACTION TAKEN: A cross-organizational team has been co configuration management processes for the recommendations for improvements to these processes. If review of the implementation of the compliance with the approved architecture	network, as well as to make his team will also commission a network to verify the and other conditions that could
precipitate breakdowns. This assessment will be completed	by mid-march.
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Solution:	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Short Term:	
Urgent network upgrades must take precedence and network required. It is essential that we develop the core and area infrastructure these types of upgrades can be accomplished without having to requinfrastructure needs to be robust enough to perform these functions to	ures to the point where uest downtime. The
ACTION TAKEN: A detailed Action List was generated as a result of Review Team Report published 22 December 1999. These actions no recommendations for hardware and software upgrades to the network and technology to be inserted into the network; address documentation and address configuration and performance management and processor organizational team will schedule completion dates for these actions.	nake specific rk and for new hardware on of network services; ss definition. The cross-
g. Network Responsibility is Fragmented : There is no one senior r NSA's network. DT is responsible for the campus backbone networks Components are responsible "their" user networks. As a result, decis driven and overly complicated, and procedures are inefficient.	s, while other Key
Why the Problem Occurred: We have evolved to this point as severa realignments have caused this problem and reorganizations have ne	
Solution:	
NSA will consolidate IT functions into a centralized IT organization by organization will likewise have a centralized network organization that single office-level manager, all responsibility for networks from archit planning, to implementation, to operations and maintenance for both This will improve accountability, streamline decision-making, and fac	at brings together, under a ecture development, to user backbone networks.
ACTION TAKEN: The reshaping of DT will consolidate IT across the consolidation of networks in a single organization will solve this problem.	
VI. Other Observations	06.26
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While many of these observations have as their root causes those items descri- following adds some additional specifics.	bed above, the
a. Maintenance	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Lack of skilled technicians along with lack of standa	rd procedures
and quality control seriously degrades effective network fault isolation and corre	
Solution: Add resources to increase levels of support and maintain technical sk	ill level.
Solution: None at present; however, we will continue to work with industry and modeling and simulation experts to develop proposals to resolve this problem.	(b)(1) our own (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
b. Architecture	
Observation: An out-of-band management capability may have future ber network operations and maintenance.	nefit to (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Solution: Use of out-of-band has its advantages and disadvantages. A received study and cost/benefit analysis is needed.	quirement

Solution: Requires further study and a total SIGINT system approach to determ	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Observation: Network performance can be improved by performing the "right functions on the right equipment". While not contributing to this particular problethis and many other upgrades are planned pending availability of commercial equipment and funds.	em,
Solution: Fund identified network upgrades.	
Observation: It takes too long for NSA to test new software versions.	
Solution: While related to lack of resources, it is also a configuration management issue as to how much testing is required for commercial software. A separate configuration management group is being commissioned to address the entire scope of network configuration management.	ent
Observation: Network plans are not well communicated among all involved part	ies.
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c. Contingency Planning	(D)(3)-F.L. 60-30
d. Crisis Response	
Observation: During this extended outage, the network Crisis Action Cell (CAC) prove but should have been set up earlier. Users and other interested parties (e.g. partners difficulty obtaining information as to the status of the network or other pertinent information got conflicting information.) had
Solutions: At all levels who is in charge needs to be clearly understood. Clear lines of and accountability needs to be established.	f authority
e. Network Monitoring	(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Observation:	
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f. NSA/Contractor Strategic Partnerships	/ (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
Observation: NSA needs to strengthen the relationship with its network v contractor better understands NSA needs and NSA better utilizes the verbenefits from commercial practices.	
Solution: Expanded relationships should be explored and contracts amer of partnership that results in "co-ownership".	(b) (1)
VII. Positive Observations	(b) (3)-P.L. 86-36
While there are many challenges that must be addressed in order for NS class" network infrastructure. This outage did underscore several importation that must be iterated.	
Observation: There Was No Inherent Problem with the Technology not caused because is not the right technology.	This crisis was
Observation: There Were No Inherent Problems with Vendor Equipm	ent
This crisis was not caused by latent software bugs or hardware also not caused by having equipment in the network	e malfunction. It was
Observation: No Evidence of Malicious Action . A first-look analysis of C4 revealed that there was no evidence to suggest that deliberate or ma involved in the network outage.	
Observation: NSA Received Outstanding Vendor Support. NSA greatly support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed by the support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed equipment were made without question. Support of Additional employed experience and the Ad	ergency shipments of cant manpower hen to implement
Observation: Outstanding Teaming. Once again, in times of crisis, ever agendas aside. The cooperation between was particular	yone puts personal arly noteworthy and
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singleness of purpose – restore the network, restore SIGINT. (b) (3) -P.L. 86-36
Observation: The Physical Architecture is Sound. This crisis was not caused by a flaw in the physical architecture. The physical architecture when fully implemented provides for Although there were core problems,
this is not an architectural shortcoming. As technology and the network evolve, the architecture requires periodic re-examination.
Observation: Needed Network Upgrades Were Known . There were no network modifications made that were not already known to network planners. NSA's ability to implement those modifications was hampered for the reasons described above. Many planned upgrades were installed during the downtime, the logical architecture was altered and processor upgrades were performed.
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