

TOP SECRET//COMINT//NOFORN-NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE FORT GEORGE G. MEADE, MARYLAND 20755-6000

24 December 2008

MEMORANDUM FOR THE CHAIRMAN, INTELLIGENCE OVERSIGHT BOARD

THRU: Assistant to the Secretary of Defense (Intelligence Oversight)

SUBJECT: (U//FOUO) Report to the Intelligence Oversight Board on NSA Activities -INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

(U//POUO) Except as previously reported to you or the President, or otherwise stated in the enclosure, we have no reason to believe that any intelligence activities of the National Security Agency during the quarter ending 30 September 2008 were unlawful or contrary to Executive Order or Presidential Directive and thus should have been reported pursuant to Section 1.7.(d) of Executive Order 12333.

(U//FOUO) The Inspector General and the General Counsel continue to exercise oversight of Agency activities by inspections, surveys, training, review of directives and guidelines, and advice and counsel. These activities and other data requested by the Board or members of the staff of the Assistant to the Secretary of Defense (Intelligence Oversight) are described in the enclosure.

GEORGE ELLARD Inspector General

VITO T. POTENZA General Counsel

(U//FOUO) I concur in the report of the Inspector General and the General Counsel and hereby make it our combined report.

KEYTH B. ALEXANDER Lieutenant General, U. S. Army Director, NSA/Chief, CSS

Encl: Quarterly Report

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> Derived From: NSA/CSSM 1-52 (Litigation) Dated: 20070108 Declassify On: 20320108

Approved for Release by NSA on 12-19-2014, FOIA Case # 70809 (Litigat

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1. (U//FOUO) Intelligence, counterintelligence, and intelligence-related activities that violate law, regulation, or policy substantiated during the quarter, as well as actions taken as a result of the violations.

(U) Intelligence Activities

(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36

-(TS//SI// REL TO USA, FVEY) Unintentional collection against United States

persons. This quarter, there were instances in which Signals Intelligence (SIGINT) analysts inadvertently targeted or collected communications to, from, or about U. S. persons while pursuing foreign intelligence tasking. All intercepts and reports have been deleted or destroyed as required by United States SIGINT Directive (USSID) SP0018.

	(U) Unauthorized Targeting (b) (1) (b) (3)-P.L. 86-36 (b) (3)-P.L. 86-36 (b) (3)-P.L. 86-36 (b) (3)-9.L. 86-36
	(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) On used the U.S.
	SIGINT System (USSS) to locate believed to be kidnapped / The selectors
	were tasked before authorization was obtained from NSA. After the NSA Office of General
	Counsel (OGC) denied the authorization request, was found. He had not been
	kidnapped. Theanalysts have received
	additional intelligence oversight training.
	(TS//SI//NF) A selector for an Attorney General (AG)-authorized target remained on collection
	for after the AG authorization expired on The selector was detasked
	on No collection occurred as a result of the process violation. A review of all
	other targeted selectors relating to the target was conducted. All selectors were confirmed
	terminated on or before
	(TS//SL/NF) On during an experimental collection and processing effort
	(TS//SI//NF) On during an experimental collection and processing effort, NSA analysts collected
	INSA analysis conceled
	The messages were deleted when the error was ¹ ⁽¹⁾
	identified.
(b)(1)	(b)(3)-50 USC 3024(1)
(b)(3)-P.L. 8	6-24 S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an NSA analyst found that
	should have been detasked when NSA learned the target was a U.S. person.
~ \. \. \	No queries on the selectors had been made before
\mathbf{A}	when the selectors were deleted, and all collection was purged from the database.
/	
1	(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an NSA analyst mistakenly
	targeted instead of the
	associated with a foreign target. The violation was corrected by the analyst on
	and the associated collection was purged from the NSA database.

Derived From: NSA/CSSM 1-52 Dated: 20070108 Declassify On: 20320108

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4	direction to treat the target as a U.S. person until the target's state was verified and retasked the selectors The selectors were again detasked and intercept purged from NSA(1)
1	selectors The selectors were again detasked and intercept purged from NS(b)(1) databases when the violation was identified (b)(3)-P.L. 86-
F	(TS//SI//NF) during routine oversight, an NSA database auditor found
	telephone selectors in the United States According to the
	analyst responsible for the This process violation resulted in collection. The selectors were removed from the query,
***************	and collection was deleted (b)(3)-P.L.
86-36	
1111	(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) a review of a found that selectors for foreign intelligence targets were not detasked
	that selectors for foreign intelligence targets were not detasked The selectors were detasked and collection
	occurring between was purged from NSA databases
	2008. (b)(1)
	(U) Computer Network Exploitation (CNE) (b)(3)-50 USC 3024
	(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY)
	(U) Database Queries (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
	TS//SI//REL TO USA EVEY On Occasions NSA analysts failed to verify that targets were
	(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) On occasions NSA analysts failed to verify that targets were located outside of the United States before conducting database queries.
	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries.
	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 18 USC 79
	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries.
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	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 18 USC 75 50 USC 36
	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 P.L.
	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 18 USC 75 50 USC 36
	located outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 18 USC 75 50 USC 30 All queries were terminated and associated data was deleted. No reporting occurred.
	Iocated outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 18 USC 75 50 USC 30 All queries were terminated and associated data was deleted. No reporting occurred. (TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an NSA analyst constructed a database query
	Iocated outside of the United States before conducting database queries. PL.86-36 18 USC 73 50 USC 30 queries were terminated and associated data was deleted. No reporting occurred. (TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an NSA analyst constructed a database query using the name of a U.S. organization. He typed the organization
	Iocated outside of the United States before conducting database queries. P.L. 86-36 18 USC 73 50 USC 30 queries were terminated and associated data was deleted. No reporting occurred. (TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an NSA analyst constructed a database query using the name of a U.S. organization. He typed the organization while pursuing foreign intelligence on
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/	while searching for information of were deleted	on his foreign target. The query a (b)(3)-P.L. 86-	÷
(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(3)-50 USC 302	(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) During an found that a junior analyst queried	audit of database queries	(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(3)-18 USC 798 of a (b)(3)-50 USC 3024(i)
	a foreig	n intelligence target. She had not J.S. person. No collection resulted elligence oversight authorities from	d from the query.
(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36	(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) thespelling of the person's name. The interrupted and deleted the query in USSID SP0018 refresher training.	an NSA analyst queried on a leanalyst recognized the procedura preventing the results from post	al failure. He
	(TS//SI//NF) queries. In both instances, one mistyped digit U.S. persons who were not foreign intelligence associated results deleted on the day of the que	e targets. The two queries were te	query was against
	(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) analyst queried The queries and result refresher training.	an NSA database auditor ts were deleted, and the analyst er	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36	-(TS//SL/NF) On two occasions during training of other analysts. In both ca instructed on proper query construction.	courses or research, NSA analyst ases, no results were returned. Th	
	but failed to detask the telep	removed the DNI selectors of hone numbers. The process failur There was no collection from	re was corrected
	(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) foreign was found to be a U.S. citizen. Althou detasked, collection was not purged from NSA after the selector was detasked, when	databases in a timely manner. P	electors were urging took place
	(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Unintentional were instances in which SIGINT analysts d U.S. persons while pursuing foreign intelligent or destroyed as required by USSID SP0018.	isseminated communications to, f	from, or about

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analyst found the same day, the was destroyed. All reviewed for U.S. person information, and the analysts have rece	When the error was were
reviewed for U.S. person information, and the analysts have rece	were
	(b)(1)
-(S//SI//REL) the name of a U.S. organiz	(b)(3)-P.L. 86-3 (b)(3)-P.L. 86-3 (b)(3)-18 USC
(S//SI//REL) the name of a U.S. organiz was included in a tip	(b)(3)-50 LISC
	t a finding that the U.S. identity
was necessary to understand the foreign intelligence or assess its	s importance. The tip was
recalled and the recipients destroyed their copies.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
ः(ध) The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA)	
(U//FOUO) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC)-Auth	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-3 (b)(3)-50 USC 3
(TS//SI//NF) an NSA analyst learned that a tele	phone number had not been
because of a typing error. This mistake	
the United States between	Once identified,
the typing error was corrected, and the intercepts were delet	200-41 V
	(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.
-(TS//SI//NF)	
1	1)
	β)-Р.L. (b)(3)-50 U
(TS//SI//NF)	
	P.L. 86-
	18 USC 50 USC
(TS//SI//NF) On occasions, NSA analysts queried a total of	talanhana salastara that
had not been vetted as	telephone selectors that
	The FISA query
requires reasonable suspicion determination. This misperception	
instruction. Search results were not retained by the analysts, and	
mistake has resulted in increased internal controls	
	\times /

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(U) The FISA Amendments Act (FAA)

(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an NSA analyst forwarded FAA data to (b)(3)-P.L. 86-
recipients who were not cleared for FAA. The analyst intended to send the e-mail analysts but selected an e-mail alias with a broader
audience. The e-mail was recalled and destroyed (b)(1)
(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (TS//SU/NF)
(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
(b)(3)-P.L. 86- (b)(3)-P.L. 86-
analysts learned that targeted selectors had been tasked under the wrong authority. This due
diligence review measure found that the analyst mistakenly selected PAA Certification (b)(1) instead of the FAA Certification. No collection occurred between (b)(3) PL 86.36
when the selectors were tasked and when the correct authorizatio(\$)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b
was assigned. (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
(D)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (TS//SI//NF) NSA analysts learned that a target's e-mail selector was
(10// SMART) (10//
(b)(3)-18 USC 798
The selector was detasked and collection was purged from NSA (b)(3)-50 USC 3024(i databases (b)(1)
(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
(TS//SI//NF) A valid foreign FAA target traveled to the United States
The analyst submitted a detasking request
but the detasking did not take effect until NSA databases were
purged of collection
(U) The Protect America Act of 2007 (PAA) (b)(1)
(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36
(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) an e-mail selector that did not belong to the intended target was tasked because of a typing error. The location of the tasked e-mail address is
not known. No collection occurred when the mistake
was identified.
-(TS//SI//NF)
(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36

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/.	(b)(3)-50 USC (TS//SI//NF)
/ [
6. T 174	
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L. 86-36	
	(TS//SI//NF) NSA failed to remove a target selector from tasking when the
	(t)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86
1. A.	Research revealed that the (b)(3)-18 US(
	The selector was detasked No collection occurred.
	(TO//OL/DEL TO LICA EVEN) During a testing meand and in DICA lossed that
	(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) During a tasking record review, NSA learned that targeted selectors had been tasked under the wrong PAA authority. This due diligence measure found
	that analysts had mistakenly selected PAA Certification instead of The
	errors occurred from with no
	collection resulting. The
	intercept was purged from NSA databases (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86
	(TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) A selector was tasked and detasked the same
	day when the analyst recognized that the target location research had not been completed (b)(1)
	(b)(3)-P.L. 86
	The
	address was not re-tasked. No collection occurred.
3. ° '	(TS//SI//NF) NSA analysts learned that an e-mail address did not belong
	to the intended target. The forwarded a mistyped e-mail selector that was tasked under
*****	PAA Certification The PAA-tasked e-mail selector resulted in
	collection, which was purged from NSA databases
L. 86-36	
No. Contraction	(TS//SI//NF) NSA failed to detask an AG-authorized selector from PAA collection when the
100	FAA was signed on 12 July 2008. An NSA analyst reviewing tasking files discovered the
	oversight The telephone number was detasked the same day. No
\	collection occurred
\mathbf{i}	
1	(TS//SL/NF) NSA analysts learned that a target's e-mail selector had
\mathbf{A}	The selector was datasked
1. A. C. A.	The selector was detasked and collection was purged from NSA databases on
1000	

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(U) Nothing to report.

(b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(3)-50 USC 3024(i)

(U) Intelligence-related Activities

(S//SI//NF) To reduce the risk of unauthorized telephony collection and to prevent violations, NSA/CSS instituted a process designed to give analysts greater and faster insight into a target's location.

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	ollection occurred, it was purged from NSA databases.	When
00	sheetion occurred, it was purged nom NSA databases.	(b)(1)
(T	CS//SI//NF)	b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 b)(3)-50 USC 3
		– – – – – – – – – –
-۲	NSA/CSS analysts found email selectors	(*
e É	this quarter. In each case, t	the
se	electors were detasked. Collection occurred on of the instances; NSA databa	
	ere purged of the intercept. No reports were issues on the collection.	
TS	5//SL/REL TO USA, FVEY) Although not violations of E.O. 12333 and related directives,	
N	SA/CSS reports instances in which database access was not terminated when the need	for (b)(1)
ac	ccess was no longer required. Once identified, accesses were revoked. Almost half of the	(b)(3)-P.L. 86
in	cidents discovered can be attributed to an intelligence oversight internal control instituted	by
1	A SIGINT database access screening proces	
	halysts reporting to the las resulted in the terminal	tion
of	f accesses before security violations can occur.	
11 - C		
t a t	FS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) A assigned to a	(b)(3)-P.
	used his predecessor's NSA Network account and SIGINT database account from	m
	When the security violation was identified, the analyst was	
co	bunseled on proper information technology security processes. (b)(1) (b)(3)-P.L. 86-36	
-/7		
	TS//REL TO USA, FVEY an NSA/CSS analyst included unminimized IGINT in the form of to a customer.	(b)(1)
		(b)(3)-P.L. 86-3
	Then this USSID SP0018 violation was discovered the analyst and t ustomer destroyed the files. Minimized data was then forwarded to	he(b)(3)-18 USC 7 (b)(3)-50 USC 3
36-36	astomer destroyed the mes. Whinninzed data was then forwarded to	<
(T	S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) On occasions	<u></u>
	analysts incorrectly entered their own information into an NSA database for SIGINT	- le
co	ollection and analysis. Believing that the data field required information on the analyst wh	20
tas	sked the selectors, the analysts entered their	10
	When the mistake was identified the data was	
re	moved, and the analysts received analysts received additional tasking training.	
5	, and the second of an and the second of a data of the second of the sec	
	(b)(1) (b)(2) DL 26 26	
	(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36 (b)(3)-50 USC 302 <u>4(i)</u>	
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//SI//REL to USA, UK)	(b)(1) ('+)(3)-P.L. 86	
	(3)-18 USC (3)-50 USC	C 79 C 30
S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY)		
	1 g .	
	1	
	86-36	
	ISC 790	8
	(J)(J) JC USC 30)24(i)
S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY	while gathering intelligence on foreign	
	J.S. Department of Defense Networks, an NSA	
alyst discovered a U.S. hosted website conta	aining child pornography. The matter has been (b)(3)-1	P.L.
ferred to the Department of Justice.	ming third pointographily. The matter has been	

(U/FOUO) The NSA/CSS OIG is reviewing the alleged manipulation of intelligence oversight training records at NSA/CSS Hawaii. _______ an employee reported that his training compliance date had been updated in the training database although he had not completed the annual E.O. 12333 training. Initial research by the NSA/CSS Hawaii intelligence oversight program manager indicates that one of the intelligence oversight database administrators may have wrongfully changed training completion dates of some employees.

2. (U//FOUO) NSA/CSS OIG Intelligence Oversight Inspections, Investigations, and Special Studies.

(U//FOUO) During this quarter, the OIG reviewed various intelligence activities of the NSA/CSS to determine whether they had been conducted in accordance with applicable statutes, Executive Orders, AG procedures, and Department of Defense and internal directives. With few exceptions, the problems uncovered were routine and showed that operating elements understand the restrictions on NSA/CSS activities.

(U//FOUO)

The joint inspection found that I/O roles

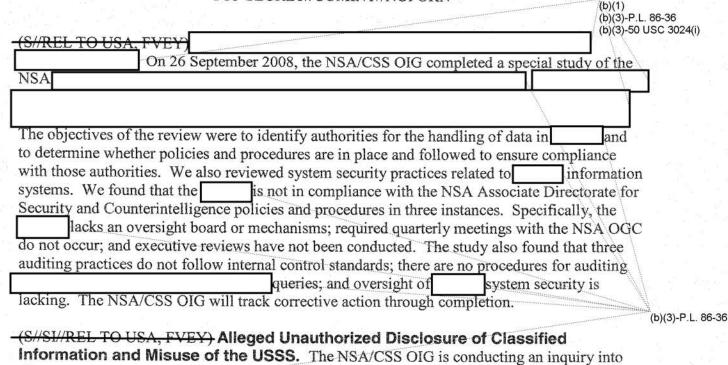
and responsibilities were not clearly defined and I/O processes and procedures were not developed and documented. Two percent of the workforce had not completed initial I/O training as required by NSA/CSS Policy 1-23. The NSA/CSS OIG will track corrective action through completion.

(b)(3)-P.L. 86-36

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alleged unauthorized disclosure of classified information and misuse of the USSS. Reportedly, a Navy Cryptologist met with an uncleared Navy Family Readiness social worker and disclosed that he had targeted his ex-wife and other family members through his job. A review of the social worker's notes and statement revealed that the information shared was classified Secret//SIGINT//Releasable to the United States, Australia, Canada, Great Britain, and New Zealand. The results of the inquiry will be provided upon completion.

(U) Congressional, IOB, and DNI Notifications

(S//SI//NF) On 6 October 2008, NSA notified the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence (SSCI) of an impending televised interview of James Bamford by ABC News, and the impending release of his book *The Shadow Factory: The Ultra-Secret NSA from 9/11 to the Eavesdropping on America.* The subject of the interview was the allegation that NSA had engaged in improper intelligence activities. The allegation and book were based in part on allegations made last year by retired SGT Adrienne J. Kinne, a U.S. Army Reservist, who had been assigned to the Army Intelligence and Security Command at Fort Gordon, Georgia. Representatives from the NSA/CSS OIG, OGC, and Office of Legislative Affairs have since met with SSCI and HPSCI staffs to discuss the recent allegations of NSA misconduct by Ms. Kinne and former Navy Cryptologic Technican (Interpretive) Second Class Petty Officer David M. Faulk. NSA is investigating the claims of Mr. Faulk. The Department of the Army is investigating Ms. Kinne's claims.

(S//SL/NF) Also on 6 October 2008, NSA/CSS informed the Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Intelligence Oversight of improper disposal of classified information technology equipment from NSA/CSS Texas.

3. (U) Substantive Changes to the NSA/CSS Intelligence Oversight Program.

(U) Nothing to report.

4. (U) Changes to NSA/CSS published directives or policies concerning intelligence, counterintelligence, or intelligence-related activities and the reason for the changes.

(U) Nothing to report.

5. (U) Procedures governing the activities of Department of Defense (DoD) intelligence components that affect U.S. persons (DoD Directive 5240.1-R, Procedure 15) Inquiries or Matters Related to Intelligence Oversight Programs.

(U) Nothing to report.