NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY/CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE



INSPECTOR GENERAL

REPORT OF INVESTIGATION

22 April 2014

IV-14-0030

Conflict of Interest

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Approved for Release by NSA on 06-01-2018, FOIA Case # 79204 (litigation)

(U) OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

(U) Chartered by the NSA Director and by statute, the Office of the Inspector General conducts audits, investigations, inspections, and special studies. Its mission is to ensure the integrity, efficiency, and effectiveness of NSA operations, provide intelligence oversight, protect against fraud, waste, and mismanagement of resources by the Agency and its affiliates, and ensure that NSA activities comply with the law. The OIG also serves as an ombudsman, assisting NSA/CSS employees, civilian and military.

(U) AUDITS

(U) The audit function provides independent assessments of programs and organizations. Performance audits evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of entities and programs and their internal controls. Financial audits determine the accuracy of the Agency's financial statements. All audits are conducted in accordance with standards established by the Comptroller General of the United States.

(U) INVESTIGATIONS

(U) The OIG administers a system for receiving complaints (including anonymous tips) about fraud, waste, and mismanagement. Investigations may be undertaken in response to those complaints, at the request of management, as the result of irregularities that surface during inspections and audits, or at the initiative of the Inspector General.

(U) INTELLIGENCE OVERSIGHT

(U) Intelligence oversight is designed to insure that Agency intelligence functions comply with federal law, executive orders, and DoD and NSA policies. The IO mission is grounded in Executive Order 12333, which establishes broad principles under which IC components must accomplish their missions.

(U) FIELD INSPECTIONS

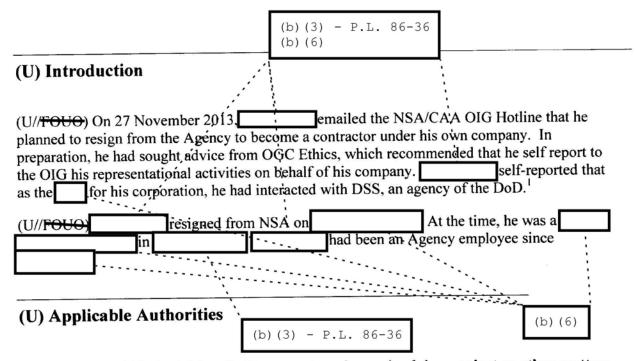
(U) Inspections are organizational reviews that assess the effectiveness and efficiency of Agency components. The Field Inspections Division also partners with Inspectors General of the Service Cryptologic Elements and other IC entities to jointly inspect consolidated cryptologic facilities.

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I. (U) SUMMARY	
(b)(3) - P.L. 86-36	
(U//FOUO) On 27 November 2013, the NSA/CSS Office of Inspector General (OIG) received	
an allegation that at the time a with	
had a conflict of interest between his NSA employment and his contractor position with his own company. Specifically,	
self-reported that as the for his corporation, he had interacted	(1-) (6)
with the Defense Security Service (DSS), an entity of the Department of Defense (DoD).	(b) (6)
(U// FOUO) We obtained Agency Employee Profile and all pertinent records from	
the NSA/CSS Office of General Counsel (OGC) Administrative Law and Ethics (Ethics) as well	
as incorporation documents for the company co-owns	
with two other individuals who are not NSA employees, and the DoD Security Agreement (DD	
Form 441) between and DoD. resigned from the Agency on to	
work full-time for	
(II/FOLIO) The investigation determined that subtimined that	
(U/FOUO) The investigation determined that while an NSA employee, represented in interactions with DSS to obtain a DoD Facility Security Clearance (FCL). required an	
FCL to begin work as a subcontractor on a Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) contract.	
received no compensation for his representational activities on behalf of which	
was granted an FCL	
(U// FQUO) The preponderance of the evidence supports the conclusion that, while an NSA	
employee, represented his corporation. It DSS in its quest to obtain a favorable	
FCL determination, in violation of 18 U.S.C. §205(a)(2): 5 C.F.R. §2635 101(b)(10) and (14)	
5 C.F.R. §2635.801(c) and (d)(4), and 5 C.F.R. §2635.802(a). There was no evidence to suggest	
that knowingly violated the applicable authorities.	
(II//FOLIO) A summary of the involving o	
(U// FOUO) A summary of the investigative findings will be provided to the Associate Directorate for Security and Counterintelligence (ADS&CI).	
in Security and Countermicus gence (ADS&CI).	
Valentin Committee Committ	
(b)(3) - P.L. 86-36	
(b) (6)	

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II. (U) BACKGROUND



- (U) 18 U.S.C. § 205, Activities of officers and employees in claims against or other matters affecting the Government:
- (a) Whoever, being an officer or employee of the United States in the executive... branch of the Government or in any agency of the United States, other than in the proper discharge of their duties-
 - ...(2) acts as an agent... for anyone before any department, agency... in connection with any covered matter in which the United States is a party or has a direct and substantial interest;

shall be subject to the penalties set forth in section 216 of this title.

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¹ The DSS mission includes overseeing "the protection of U.S. and foreign classified information and technologies in the hands of industry under the National Industrial Security Program" (NISP). DSS administers the NISP on behalf of the DoD and 26 other Federal agencies and serves as the focal point of interaction for the Government and the companies in the NISP. DSS is responsible for issuing FCLs based on procurement need. There are approximately 13,500 contractor facilities that are cleared for access to classified information. DSS has oversight authority to evaluate the security operations of these organizations for continued eligibility in the NISP.

...(h) For the purpose of this section, the term "covered matter" means any judicial or other proceeding, application, request for a ruling or other determination, contract,... or other particular matter.

DoD 5500.07-R, the Joint Ethics Regulation, Chapter 5- Conflicts of Interest, Section 4-Other Conflict of Interest Laws

Paragraph 5-403. Representation of Others. Prohibition Under 18 U.S.C. 205 (Reference C).

18 U.S.C. 205 (Reference (C)) applies to all DoD employees, other than enlisted members.

5 C.F.R., Part 2635-Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch

Subpart A-General Provisions

5 C.F.R. 2635.101(b)

- ...(10) Employees shall not engage in outside employment or activities,...that conflict with official Government duties and responsibilities.
- ...(14) Employees shall endeavor to avoid any actions creating the appearance that they are violating the law or the ethical standards set forth in this part. Whether particular circumstances create an appearance that the law or these standards have been violated shall be determined from the perspective of a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant facts.

5 C.F.R. 2635.801

- ...(c) Outside employment and other outside activities of an employee must also comply with applicable provisions set forth in other subparts of this part and in supplemental agency regulations. These include the principle that an employee shall endeavor to avoid actions creating an appearance of violating any of the ethical standards in this part....
- (d) In addition to the provisions of this and other subparts of this part, an employee who wishes to engage in outside employment or other outside activities must comply with applicable statutes and regulations. Relevant provisions of law,... may include:
 - ...(4) 18 U.S.C. 205, which prohibits an employee, whether or not for compensation, ...from acting as agent or attorney for anyone, before any department, agency, or other specified entity, in any particular matter in which the United States is a party or has a direct and substantial interest.

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5 C.F.R. 2635.802

An employee shall not engage in outside employment or any other outside activity that conflicts with his official duties. An activity conflicts with an employee's official duties:

(a) If it is prohibited by statute or by an agency supplemental regulation;

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of DoD.

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III. (U) FINDINGS

(U// FOUO) While an NSA employee, DSS?	did	represent his corpo	oration, to
(U//FOUO) CONCLUSION: Substanthe conclusion that, while an NSA empt DSS in its quest to obtain a favorable F18 U.S.C. §205(a)(2), 5 C.F.R. §2635. and 5 C.F.R. §2635.802(a). There was violated the applicable authorities.	loyee, FCL determinatio 101(b)(10) and (1	represènted his co m, in violation of 14), 5 C.F.R§2635	orporation, to .801(e) and (d)(4), knowingly (b) (3) - P.L. 86-36
(U) Documentary Evidence	(b)(3) - P.I	. 86-36	(b) (6)
do: "I just want to be sure that I am not while still possessing a blue badge Employment Questionnaire (PGEQ). (U//FOUO) In subsequent emails to OC corporation, he was responsible for matters. According to time began the process of obtaining a FOSS ("DSS requires that one of us [bus in regard to the FCL, which was granted Government on behalf of the prime content	or a company he dent in busing Cethics' advice doing anything was incorporated in was incorporated in January 2013 ontractor on a DIA	Ethics from 26 and contacted OGC Eth had formed with twess development. It regarding what he wrong presenting mais completed Post to disclosed that was the designated the He had had no othe established a sub A contract. Howev	and at that representative to and that was me") and that was me") r interactions with the recontractor was not
² Among other things, in order to obtain an Agreement, which is a legally binding docu and the contractor) and obligates the contra DD Form 441 must be signed by a corporate signed by a second corporate officer. A DSC	ament that sets fort actor to abide by the e officer and the ce	th the responsibilities e security requireme artification portion of	of both parties (DoD nts of the NISP. The the form must be

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(b) (3) - P.L. 86-36 (b) (6)	UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	IV-14-0030
	I State of the State of the Following Power Power	-loves not
allowed to perform wo	rk on the contract until it obtained its FCL. One emrk on the contract in November 2013. The DIA contract	proyee, not et's period of
nerformance was to en	d in April 2014, when would shift contractor p	personnel to an
NSA contract called	According to supported the	e organization,
in which he wor	ked as an NSA civilian, "but not at my level and I have	had no insight or
influence into that side		
(U// FOUO)	told OGC Ethics that he intended to resign from NSA	effective
and b	become a full-time employee of He had not received	d compensation
from and did not ex	spect to receive any income until approximately	when
billing income was exp	pected to exceed the company's startup costs.	
(U/ /FQUO) In his corr	espondence specifically requested an opin	ion as to whether,
while he remained an	NS'A employee he could begin to interact as the	with the 📐
Government in regard	to passing, personnel security clearances and obtains	ng and retaining
access badges in supp	ort of the company's role as a subcontractor on the DIA Ethics that he would not reach out to any Federal offici	ial until he
officially separated from	om the Government,	(b) (6)
. "		ormed the OIG that
(U// FOUO) In an ema	il to the OIG dated 11 December 2013, inforesignation from NSA, effective	ormed the Old that
**		
(U// FOUO) The OIG	obtained and reviewed OGC Ethics records related to	13/27/02
According to the infor	rmation on PGEQ, he was not required by	his NSA position
to file an Office of Go	overnment Ethics Form 450 (OGE450) and did not have file. On the form, also certified that he had	not had
disquaimeation "on	as an NSA employee. In regard to	
partners did all the bu	siness development for the company.	
(III/ECHO) OCC EST	ics records disclosed that was an OGE450 t	filer from
through On	through OGE450s, his supervisor	r certified that
reported	A financial interests were unrelated to his official duties	and no conflicts
appeared to exist.	had no reportable financial interests or affiliat	ions on his OGE450
covering w	as not listed on any of the forms:	;
(U// FOUO) Recordș	of the State of Maryland Division of Corporations On-L	ine Services
disclosed that was		a mailing addres's of nt was listed as ;
<u> </u>		vere listed as the
three directors of the		
	NAME <u>—</u> DA 1966	IG. The undered
(U// FOUO) The OIG	obtained a copy of DD Form 441 from the DSS O and as the partners who	
form listed Maryland corporation		
Trial junia corporation	Dn 06 May 2013, President,	signed the
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	(b)(3) - P.L. 86-36	
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DD Form 441, certifying that at the time that signed the form, was The DSS OIG advised that according to their FCL database, DSS conducted its most
recent vulnerabilities assessment of in
(b) (6)
(U) Interviews
(U// FOUO) was not interviewed. The investigation determined that he is
not currently affiliated with NSA. (b) (3) - P.L. 86-36
(b) (6)
(U) Analysis and Conclusions
(U//FOUO) To substantiate that violated 18 U.S.C. §205, the evidence must show
that he was an NSA employee who represented as its agent before DSS in connection with a
covered matter in which DSS was a party or had a direct and substantial interest. The evidence shows that all these elements existed with regard to activities concerning the FCL
determination involving and DSS.
(U// FOUO) In the course of obtaining a favorable FCL determination. represented
to DSS. told OGC that as the for his corporation. It was he who
interacted with DSS throughout the FCL determination process – from incorporation in to DSS' granting of the FCL in Further, the DoD Security
Agreement itself, required to obtain the FCL, disclosed that while he was an NSA employee
represented to DSS; he signed it as of the corporation on or before 06 May 2013.
(III/EQUA) The combinish standard for Marin state and a poly
(U//FOUO) The remaining elements are met in view of the fact that DSS granted FCL. A request for an FCL determination is a covered matter, and the FCL was of direct and
substantial interest to DSS, the DoD entity responsible for overseeing the protection of classified
information by DoD contractors under the NISP.
(U// FOUO) 18 U.S.C. §205 allows an exemption for an employee to represent himself before a
Government department or agency: However, this exception allowing self-representation does
not extend to the representation of a distinct legal entity such as a corporation. Recause
business, is a corporation, he is not entitled to the self-representation exemption from the criminal statute for his representations on behalf of
(U/ FOUO) The evidence shows thatattempted to avoid any conflicts between his NSA employment and his position with He sought advice from OGC Ethics on how to avoid
such conflicts, albeit too late. Further, when notified by OGC Ethics that a violation may have
occurred, self-reported it to the OIG that same day. In light of his actions, we found
it reasonable that lack of understanding regarding eriminal conflict of interest statutes caused the violation.
statutes caused the violation.
(b)(3) - P.L. 86-36

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(b) (6) UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY IV-14-0030	
(U// FOUD) Nonetheless, the onus was on to ensure that he was in compliance with applicable criminal statutes and regulations. Despite the fact that was incorporated in	
began interacting with DSS at that time in order to obtain an FCL, he did not seek conflict of interest advice until over a year later when preparing to leave the Government. Had he sought	
advice earlier, would likely have received the information necessary to avoid	6 06
violation of the criminal statute. (b) (3) - P.L. 8 (U//FOUO) Accordingly, actions in representing to DSS in the corporation's	6-36
quest to obtain a favorable FCL determination were in violation of the criminal statute. His actions also violated the 5 C.F.R. 2635 prohibitions against employees engaging, or appearing to engage, in outside employment activities that conflict with their official duties. 5 C.F.R. 2635.802 specifically states that an activity conflicts with an employee's official duties:	
"(a) if it is prohibited by statute or agency supplemental regulation"	
(U// FOUO) The preponderance of the evidence supports the conclusion that, while an NSA employee, represented his corporation. to DSS in its quest to obtain a favorable FCL determination, in violation of 18 U.S.C. §205(a)(2), 5 C.F.R. §2635.101(b)(10) and (14),	
5 C.F.R. §2635.801(c) and (d)(4), and 5 C.F.R. §2635.802(a). There was no evidence to suggest that knowingly violated the applicable authorities.	
(b) (3) - P.L. 86-36 (b) (6)	

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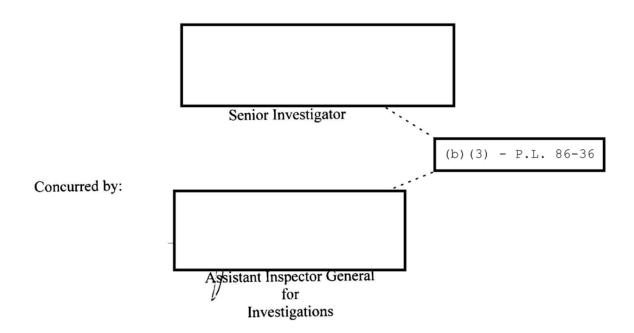
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	IV. (U)	CONCLUSION ,	
	1,1(0)		(b)(3) - P.L. 86-36
favorable FCL dt 5 C.F.R. §2635.1	etermination, in violation o 01(b)(10) and (14), 5 C.F.I 02(a). There was no evide	oration,to DSS in its f 18 U.S.C. §205(a)(2), R. §2635.801(c) and (d)(s quest to obtain a
	(b)(3) - P.L. 86-36	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	(b) (6)		

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VI. (U) DISTRIBUTION OF RESULTS

 (U/\overline{FOUO}) A summary of the investigative findings will be provided to the ADS&CI.



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